# Letter of Notification for the Poth Extension East and West 138kV Transmission Line Project



An **AEP** Company

BOUNDLESS ENERGY"

PUCO Case No. 23-0850-EL-BLN

Submitted to:

The Ohio Power Siting Board Pursuant to Ohio Administrative Code Section 4906-6-05

Submitted by:

AEP Transmission Company, Inc.

September 15, 2023

#### LETTER OF NOTIFICATION

#### AEP Ohio Transmission Company, Inc.

#### Poth Extension East and West 138 kV Transmission Line Project

#### 4906-6-05 Accelerated Application Requirements

AEP Transmission Company, Inc. (the "Company") provides the following information to the Ohio Power Siting Board ("OPSB") in accordance with the accelerated application requirements of Ohio Administrative Code Section 4906-6-05.

#### 4906-6-05(B) General Information

#### **B(1) Project Description**

The name of the project and applicant's reference number, names and reference number(s) of resulting circuits, a brief description of the project, and why the project meets the requirements for a Letter of Notification.

The Company proposes the Poth Extension East and West 138 kV Transmission Line Project (the "Project"), in the City of Whitehall, Mifflin and Truro Townships, Franklin County, Ohio. The Project involves construction of two transmission lines connecting the existing East Broad Street - Bexley 138 kV Transmission Line, specifically the East Broad Street - Yearling 138 kV circuit, to a proposed, non-jurisdictional substation, referred to as Poth Station. The new transmission line connections will be a 0.1-mile tie-line entering Poth Station from the west, and another 0.1-mile tie-line entering Poth Station from the east. The adjustments required to the existing East Broad Street - Bexley 138 kV Transmission Line will be filed under a separate application (Case No. 23-0851-EL-BNR). The location of the Project is shown on Figure 1 and 2 in Appendix A.

The Project meets the requirements for a Letter of Notification ("LON") as defined by Item 3 of Appendix A to Ohio Administrative Code Section 4906-1-01, *Application Requirement Matrix for Electric Power Transmission Lines*:

- (1) New construction, extension, or relocation of single or multiple circuit electric power transmission line(s), or upgrading existing transmission or distribution line(s) for operation at a higher transmission voltage
  - (b) Line(s) greater than 0.2 miles in length but not greater than two miles in length.

The Project has been assigned Case No. 23-0850-EL-BLN.

#### **B(2)** Statement of Need

If the proposed Letter of Notification project is an electric power transmission line or gas or natural gas transmission line, a statement explaining the need for the proposed facility.

The Project is necessary to accommodate the replacement and relocation of distribution equipment at the new non-jurisdictional Poth Station. Interconnecting the substation requires the installation of two new 138 kV single-circuit transmission lines. The Poth Station will serve AEP Ohio customers in the City of Whitehall area. The installation of the Poth 138 kV West Extension Transmission Line and Poth 138 kV East Extension Transmission Line creates an in-and-out transmission loop into Poth Station.

The need and solution were presented and reviewed with stakeholders at the March 19, 2020 and December 9, 2021 PJM SSRTEP Western Meeting. The project was subsequently assigned PJM project number s2639. This Project was included in the AEP Ohio Transmission Company's 2022 Long-Term Forecast Report on page 17 and 18 (FE-T10).

#### **B(3) Project Location**

The applicant shall provide the location of the project in relation to existing or proposed lines and substations shown on an area system map of sufficient scale and size to show existing and proposed transmission facilities in the Project area.

The location of the Project in relation to existing transmission lines and the new non-jurisdictional Poth Substation is shown on Figure 1, in Appendix A. Figure 2, in Appendix A, identifies the Project components on a 2020 aerial photograph.

#### **B(4)** Alternatives Considered

The applicant shall describe the alternatives considered and reasons why the proposed location or route is best suited for the proposed facility. The discussion shall include, but not be limited to, impacts associated with socioeconomic, ecological, construction, or engineering aspects of the project.

The Project is entirely located on vacant/unoccupied portions of industrial properties or existing transmission and distribution corridors. Alternatives considered would require longer alignments, impacts to existing utility infrastructure along road ROW, and/or encroachments to existing accessory structures located on industrial sites. The Project will not require impacts to any delineated wetland or streams. The location of the Project minimizes impacts to the surrounding community and the environment, while optimizing engineering and constructability factors.

#### **B(5)** Public Information Program

The applicant shall describe its public information program to inform affected property owners and tenants of the nature of the project and the proposed timeframe for project construction and restoration activities.

The Company will inform affected property owners and tenants about this Project through several different mediums. Within seven days of filing this LON, the Company will issue a public notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the Project area. The notice will comply with all requirements of OAC Section 4906-6-08(A)(1-6). Further, the Company has mailed (or will mail) a letter, via first class mail, to affected landowners, tenants, contiguous owners and any other landowner the Company may approach for an easement necessary for the construction, operation, or maintenance of the Project. The letter will comply with all requirements of OAC Section 4906-6-08(B). The Company maintains a website (http://aeptransmission.com/ohio/), which provides the public access to an electronic copy of this LON and the public notice for this LON. An electronic copy of the LON will be served to the public library in each political subdivision for this Project. The Company retains ROW land agents that discuss Project timelines, construction and restoration activities and convey information to affected owners and tenants throughout the Project.

#### **B(6) Construction Schedule**

The applicant shall provide an anticipated construction schedule and proposed inservice date of the project.

Construction of the Project is planned to begin in January 2024 with an anticipated in-service date of August 2024.

#### B(7) Area Map

The applicant shall provide a map of at least 1:24,000 scale clearly depicting the facility with clearly marked streets, roads, and highways, and an aerial image.

Figure 1, in Appendix A, identifies the location of the Project area on a 2013 United States Geological Survey 1:24,000 Southeast Columbus quadrangle topographic map. Appendix A, Figure 2 identifies the Project components on a 2020 aerial photograph.

To visit the Project from downtown Columbus, Ohio, take I-670 East via the ramp to Airport. Continue for 3.3 miles, then take exit 7 for US-62 W toward Fifth Avenue West. Turn right onto East Fifth Avenue and continue for 2.8 miles. Then, turn right onto North Yearling Road and continue south for 0.4 mile before turning left onto Poth Road and continuing east for 0.5 mile. The Project is located to the southeast of Hyland Court and Poth Road at 39.9811, -82.8761.

#### **B(8) Property Agreements**

The applicant shall provide a list of properties for which the applicant has obtained easements, options, and/or land use agreements necessary to construct and operate

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the facility and a list of the additional properties for which such agreements have not been obtained.

A list of properties required for the Project are provided in the table below.

Property Parcel Number	Agreement Type	Easement or Option Obtained (Yes/No)		
Poth Extension East 138 kV Transmission Line				
090-008350-00	New Easement	No		
090-000290-00	New Easement	Yes		
090-008350-00	New Easement	No		
Poth Extension West 138 kV Transmission Line				
090-008369-00	New Easement	No		
090-008352-00	New Easement	No		
090-008353-00	Temporary Easement	No		

The form easement in **Appendix C** represents the minimum easement rights the Company would require in order to construct, operate, and maintain these facilities.

#### **B(9)** Technical Features

The applicant shall describe the following information regarding the technical features of the project:

# B(9)(a) Operating characteristics, estimated number and types of structures required, and right-of-way and/or land requirements.

The Poth Extension East 138 kV Transmission Line will include the following:

Voltage: 138 kV

Conductors: (3) 1,033.5 kCM 54/7 ACSR "Curlew"

Static Wire: (1) 7#8 Alumoweld

Insulators: Polymer ROW Width: 80 feet

Structure Type: (3) single circuit, monopole steel self-supporting dead end structures on concrete pier

foundations

The Poth Extension West 138 kV Transmission Line will include the following:

Voltage: 138 kV

Conductors: (3) 1,033.5 kCM 54/7 ACSR "Curlew"

Static Wire: (1) 7#8 Alumoweld

Insulators: Polymer ROW Width: 80 feet

Structure Type: (1) single circuit, monopole steel self-supporting dead end structures on concrete pier

foundations

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#### B(9)(b) Electric and Magnetic Fields

For electric power transmission lines that are within one hundred feet of an occupied residence or institution, the production of electric and magnetic fields during the operation of the proposed electric power transmission line.

#### B(9)(b)(i) Calculated Electric and Magnetic Field Strength Levels

i) Calculated Electric and Magnetic Field Levels

Not applicable. No occupied residences or institutions are located within 100 feet of the Project.

#### B(9)(b)(ii) Design Alternatives

A discussion of the applicant's consideration of design alternatives with respect to electric and magnetic fields and their strength levels, including alternate conductor configuration and phasing, tower height, corridor location, and right-of-way width.

Not applicable. No occupied residences or institutions are located within 100 feet of the Project.

#### B(9)(b)(ii)(c) Project Cost

The estimated capital cost of the project.

The capital costs estimate for the proposed Project, which is comprised of applicable tangible and capital costs, is approximately \$1.8 million using a Class 4 estimate. Pursuant to the PJM OATT, the costs for this Project will be recovered in the AEP Ohio Transmission Company Inc.'s FERC formula rate (Attachment H-20 to the PJM OATT) and allocated to the AEP Zone.

#### **B(10) Social and Economic Impacts**

The applicant shall describe the social and ecological impacts of the project:

#### **B(10)(a)** Operating Characteristics

Provide a brief, general description of land use within the vicinity of the proposed project, including a list of municipalities, townships, and counties affected.

The Project is located within the city of Whitehall in Mifflin and Truro townships, Franklin County, Ohio. Land use immediately surrounding the Project is predominantly commercial or industrial, as classified by the Franklin County Auditor, with residential subdivisions beyond the Project limits. No occupied residences are located within 1,000 feet of the Project. No schools, parks, churches, cemeteries, wildlife management areas, or nature preserve lands within 1,000 feet of the Project.

#### B(10)(b) Agricultural Land Information

Provide the acreage and a general description of all agricultural land, and separately all agricultural district land, existing at least sixty days prior to submission of the application within the potential disturbance area of the project.

No properties registered as agricultural district land are located in the Project area based on email coordination with the Franklin County Auditor's Office on August 15, 2023. The Project occupies approximately three acres, all of which has historically been used for commercial/industrial properties, transportation corridors, or existing transmission line ROW.

#### B(10)(c) Archaeological and Cultural Resources

Provide a description of the applicant's investigation concerning the presence or absence of significant archaeological or cultural resources that may be located within the potential disturbance area of the project, a statement of the findings of the investigation, and a copy of any document produced as a result of the investigation.

The Company's consultant completed Phase I Archaeological and Phase I History/Architectural surveys, which involved subsurface testing and visual inspection for an area encompassing the Project. The Company recommended to SHPO that the Project would have no adverse effect on historic properties and no further cultural resource work would be necessary. In their responses, dated August 6, 2021 and August 30, 2023, SHPO agreed with the consultant's recommendations. See Appendix D.

#### **B(10)(d)** Local, State, and Federal Agency Correspondence

Provide a list of the local, state, and federal governmental agencies known to have requirements that must be met in connection with the construction of the project, and a list of documents that have been or are being filed with those agencies in connection with siting and constructing the project.

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A Notice of Intent (NOI) will be filed with the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) for authorization of construction storm water discharge under NPDES General Permit for Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction Activity OHCooooo6. The Company will also provide a copy of the SWPPP to the city of Whitehall. The Company will implement and maintain best management practices as outlined in the Project-specific Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan to minimize erosion and sediment to Project surface waters during storm events.

No structures or proposed access roads are located within the Federal Emergency Management Agency's ("FEMA") 100-year floodplain area. Therefore, no floodplain permitting is expected to be required for the Project. A local stormwater permit will be obtained from the city of Whitehall prior to the start of construction.

A Notice of Proposed Construction must be reviewed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for any structures greater than 200 feet in height or located within 20,000 feet of an airport, or for those structures whose filing is requested after running the Notice Criteria Tool to determine if there is potential interference with airport operations. Although the proposed structure heights are less than 200 feet, the John Glenn Columbus International Airport is located within 3,000 feet of the Project. On August 29, 2023, the FAA issued a Determination of No Hazard to Air Navigation for the proposed structures (see Appendix D).

There are no other known local, state, or federal requirements that must be met prior to commencement of the Project.

#### B(10)(e) Threatened, Endangered, and Rare Species

Provide a description of the applicant's investigation concerning the presence or absence of federal and state designated species (including endangered species, threatened species, rare species, species proposed for listing, species under review for listing, and species of special interest) that may be located within the potential disturbance area of the project, a statement of the findings of the investigation, and a copy of any document produced as a result of the investigation.

On August 4, 2021, coordination letters were submitted to the United State Fish and Wildlife Service ("USFWS") and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources ("ODNR") Ohio Natural Heritage Program ("ONHP") and Division of Wildlife ("DOW"), seeking an environmental review of the Project for potential impacts to threatened and endangered species. USFWS and ODNR provided responses on August 9, 2021 and September 9, 2021, respectively. Copies of the USFWS and ODNR responses are included in Appendix E.

ODNR conducted a search of Natural Heritage Database records within a 1-mile radius of the Project. In their response, ODNR indicates that no records of state endangered or threatened plants or animals were identified within the Project area. Additionally, there are no Natural Heritage Database records of state potentially threatened plants, special interest or species of concern animals, or any federally listed species within the Project area.

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The ODNR DOW identified that the Project is located within the range of the following state and federally threatened or endangered mussel species: purple cat's paw (*Epioblasma o. obliquata*), clubshell (*Pleurobema clava*), northern riffleshell (*Epioblasma torulosa rangiana*), rayed bean (*Villosa fabalis*), snuffbox (*Epioblasma triquetra*), rabbitsfoot (*Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*), elephant-ear (*Elliptio crassidens crassidens*), long solid (*Fusconaia maculate maculate*), Ohio pigtoe (*Plurobema cordatum*), pocketbook (*Lampsilis ovata*), washboard (*Megalonaias nervosa*), black sandshell (*Ligumia recta*), fawnsfoot (*Truncilla donaciformis*), pondhorn (*Uniomerus tetralasmus*), and threehorn wartyback (*Obliquaria reflexa*). However, ODNR indicated that the Project is not likely to impact these mussel species, due to the Project's location and that there is no in-water work proposed in a perennial stream of sufficient size.

The ODNR DOW indicated that the Project lies within the range of the following state and federally threatened or endangered fish species: Scioto madtom (*Noturus trautmani*), goldeye (*Hiodon alosoides*), Iowa darter (*Etheostoma exile*), popeye shiner (*Notropis ariommus*), northern brook lamprey (*Ichthyomyzon fossor*), spotted darter (*Etheostoma maculatum*), shortnose gar (*Lepisosteus platostomus*), tonguetied minnow (*Exoglossum laurae*), lake chubsucker (*Erimyzon sucetta*), paddlefish (*Polydon spathula*), and Tippecanoe darter (*Etheostoma Tippecanoe*). No inwater work is proposed for the Project; therefore, impacts to the above-listed fish species are not likely.

The ODNR DOW also indicated the Project lies within the range of the following state endangered or threatened bird species: American bittern (*Botaurus lentiginosus*), black-crowned night-heron (*Nycticorax nycticorax*), cattle egret (*Bubulcus ibis*), lark sparrow (*Chondestes grammacus*), least bittern (*Ixobrychus exilis*), northern harrier (*Circus hudsonis*), sandhill crane (*Grus canadensis*), and upland sandpiper (*Bartramia longicauda*). The DOW recommends that construction be avoided during their various nesting periods if suitable habitat is present within the Project. The Project area is composed primarily of industrial land and does not present potentially suitable habitat for the above-listed bird species and therefore no adverse impacts are anticipated for the species. On April 19, 2022, the Company's consultant provided their habitat assessment findings to ODNR, requesting concurrence of the findings and opinions. On April 29, 2022, ODNR provided concurrence that no seasonal construction restrictions or presence/absence surveys were necessary for the Project. Table 4-4 in the Ecological Resources Inventory Report (provided in Appendix E) identifies more detailed information regarding the bird species, particularly their habitat preferences and lack of desired habitat within the ESA.

The ODNR DOW also indicated the Project lies within the range of the state and federally endangered Indiana bat ( $Myotis\ sodalis$ ), the state and federally threatened northern long-eared bat ( $Myotis\ septentrionalis$ ), the state endangered little brown bat ( $Myotis\ lucifugus$ ), and the state endangered tri-colored bat ( $Perimyotis\ subflavus$ ). The DOW recommends seasonal tree cutting for trees  $\geq 3$  inches diameter at breast height (dbh) between October 1 and March 31 to avoid adverse impacts to these species. Additionally, the DOW recommends that a desktop habitat assessment is conducted, followed by a field assessment if needed, to determine if a potential hibernaculum is present within the Project area. Following a desktop habitat assessment, the

Company's consultant identified no potential hibernaculum within the Project Area. Only minimal tree clearing (approximately 0.4 acre) is required for the Project, which will be conducted between October 1 and March 31.

The USFWS also advised that the federally endangered Indiana bat and the federally threatened northern long-eared bat have ranges within the Project area. The USFWS recommends seasonal tree clearing (October 1 through March 31) if no caves or abandoned mines are present and trees ≥ 3 inches dbh cannot be avoided. If implementation of seasonal tree cutting is not feasible for the Project, the USFWS recommends a summer presence/absence survey be conducted between June 1 and August 15 in coordination with the Ohio Field Office. However, the Company anticipates minimal tree clearing to be conducted between October 1 and March 31. The USFWS indicated that no other adverse effects to any other federally protected species or designated critical habitat is anticipated, due to the type, size, and location of the Project.

#### B(10)(f) Areas of Ecological Concern

Provide a description of the applicant's investigation concerning the presence or absence of areas of ecological concern (including national and state forests and parks, floodplains, wetlands, designated or proposed wilderness areas, national and state wild and scenic rivers, wildlife areas, wildlife refuges, wildlife management areas, and wildlife sanctuaries) that may be located within the potential disturbance area of the project, a statement of the findings of the investigation, and a copy of any document produced as a result of the investigation.

Wetland and stream delineation surveys were conducted by the Company's consultant for an approximately 20-acre survey area in July 2021 and March 2022, which encompasses the Project in addition to a larger area (Appendix E). No wetlands, waterbodies, or streams were identified within the Project.

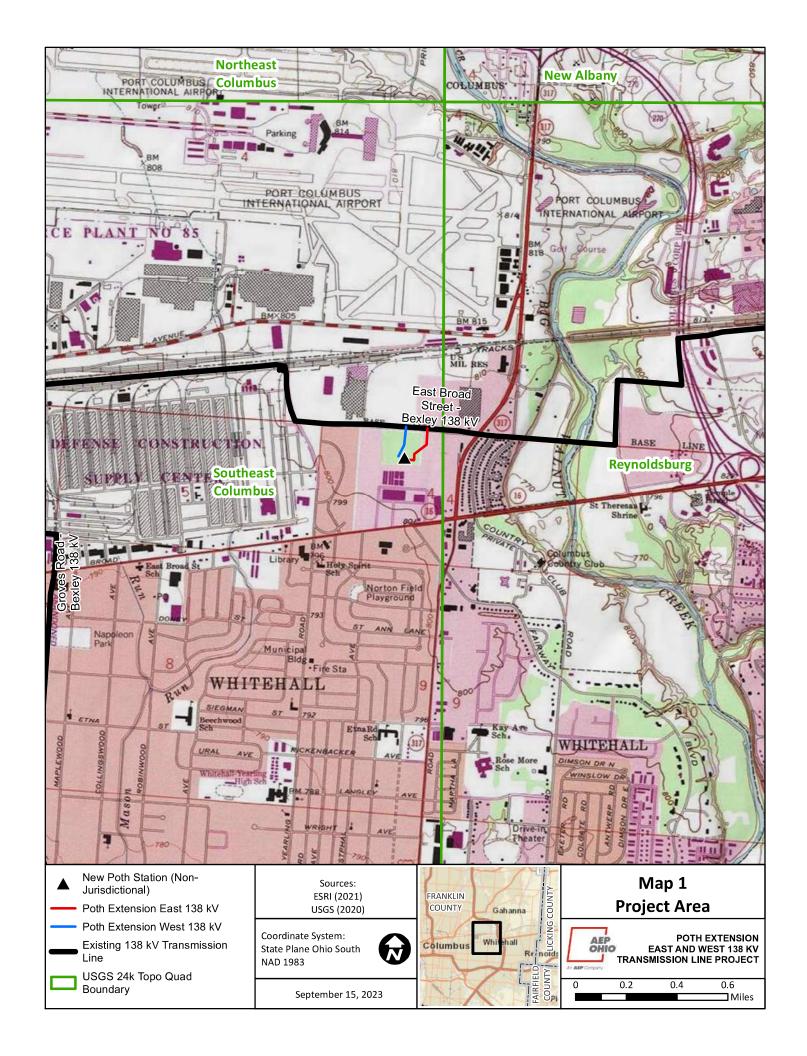
Based on a review of the Protected Areas Database of the United States as well as the Conservation Easement Database, there are no state or national parks, forests, wildlife areas or mapped conservation easements in the vicinity of the Project.

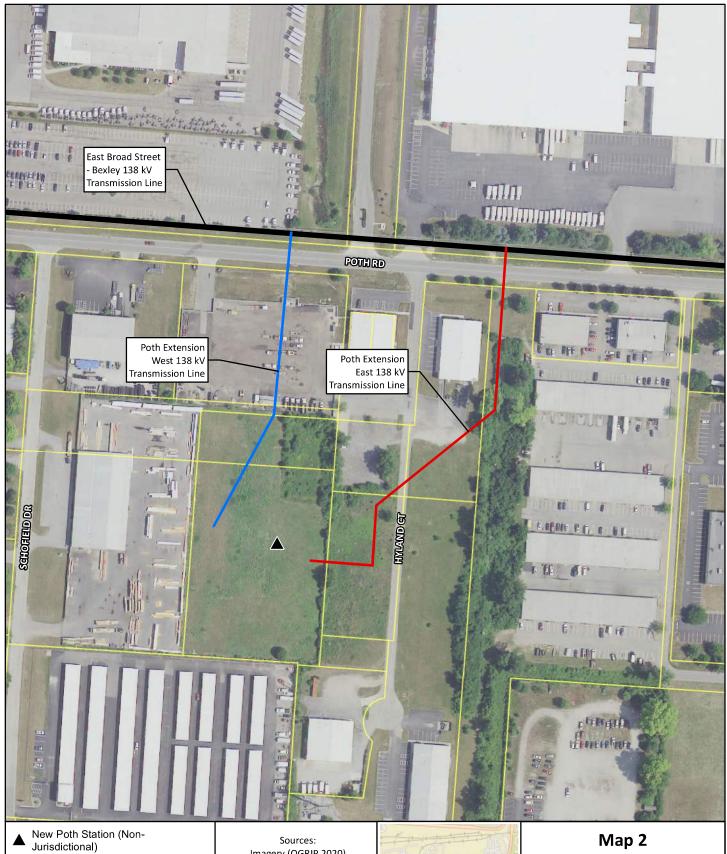
#### **B(10)(g) Unusual Conditions**

Provide any known additional information that will describe any unusual conditions resulting in significant environmental, social, health, or safety impacts.

To the best of the Company's knowledge, no unusual conditions exist that would result in significant environmental, social, health, or safety impacts.

# Appendix A Project Maps





Poth Extension East 138 kV

Poth Extension West 138 kV

Existing 138 kV Transmission Line

Parcel Boundary

Imagery (OGRIP 2020) Transportation (ODOT 2021)

Coordinate System: State Plane Ohio South NAD 1983



September 15, 2023



# **Aerial Map**

POTH EXTENSION EAST AND WEST 138 KV TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT

100 200 300 □Feet

### Appendix B Long Term Forecast Report and PJM Solution



NVER PAPER

Need Number: AEP-2020-0H016

Process Stage: Submission of Supplemental Project for inclusion in the Local Plan 12/09/2021

Previously Presented:

Needs Meeting 03/19/2020

Solutions Meeting 12/09/2021

Supplemental Project Driver: Customer Service

Specific Assumption Reference: AEP Guidelines for Transmission Owner Identified Needs (AEP Assumptions Slide 8)

Problem Statement:

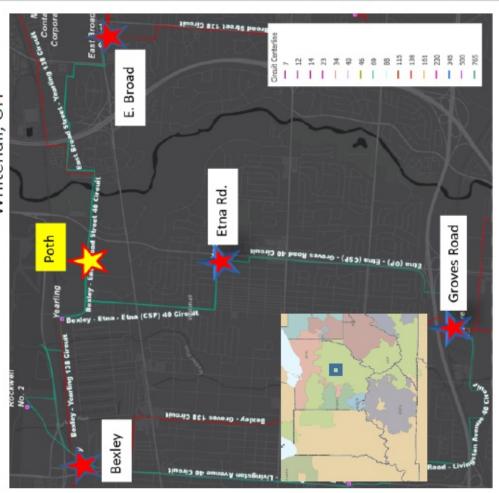
AEP Ohio has requested a new 138kV delivery point (Poth) off the East Broad Street - Bexley 138kV circuit by December 2022.

At Etna Road station, 101/102 of the relays are electro-mechanical that are no longer supported by the manufacturer, lack SCADA ability, and lack fault collection. 46 kV CB's 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, and 36 (vintage 1955) are oil type breakers, with some have a high number of fault operations, and are an obsolete kV. Over the last 5 years we have had 402,323 CMI and three outages.

Etna-Groves Road 40 kV line is a majority 1960's vintage (70%) wood pole line with the remainder being built since 1990. The conductor is the original 636 ACSR from 1965. There are a total of 56 open conditions on this line with 51% (42/82) of the poles having at least one condition. These conditions include rot top poles and cross arms, woodpecker damage, broken/missing ground leads, and damaged guy wires. Over the last 5 years there have been 1 momentary and 3 permenant outages on this line.

Etna Tap 40 kV extension (part of the Etna – Bexley circuit) is a vintage 1957 (57%) with the remainder between 1970 (8%), 1980 (5%), 1990 (5%), and 2010 (22%). There are currently 30 open conditions with 28% (22/80) of poles having at least one condition. These conditions include rot top poles and cross arms, woodpecker damage, broken/missing ground leads, and damaged guy wires. Over the last 5 years there have been 4 momentary and 2 permanent outages.

# AEP Transmission Zone M-3 Process Whitehall, OH



AEP Local Plan - 2022



# Need Number: AEP-2020-OH016

Process Stage: Submission of Supplemental Project for inclusion in the Local Plan 12/09/2021

# Selected Solution:

- and two 138/13 kV transformers to replace the existing 40 kV station. Estimated Cost: \$4.19M (s2639.1) Poth 138 kV Station: Construct a greenfield station 138kV ring bus with (4) 3000A 63kA 138kV breakers
- breakers and 4-3000A disconnect switches and install new relaying to coordinate with the new relays at East Broad 138 kV Station: Replace CB 3 & CB 7 and 4 disconnect switches with 3000A 63kA 138kV Poth station. Estimated Cost: \$0.793M (s2639.2)
- Yearling 138 kV Station: Remote end relay settings. Estimated Cost: \$0.064M (s2639.3)
- Poth Extension 138 kV: Tap the existing East Broad-Bexley 138kV line into Poth station by constructing approximately 0.5 miles of greenfield lines from the line taps. Extend telecom ADSS for relaying and communication from Bexley to Poth & East Broad to Poth. Estimated Cost: \$3.06M (s2639.4)

# Total Estimated Cost: \$8.107M

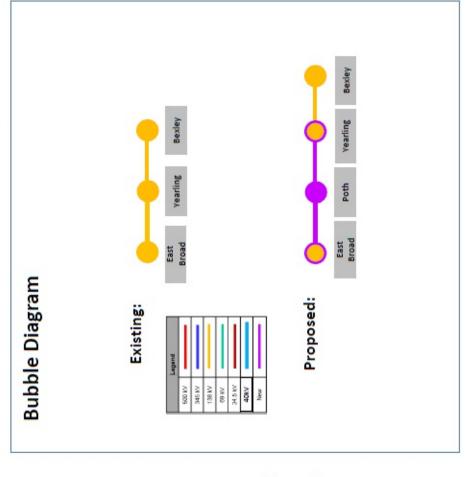
Ancillary Benefits: The existing CB-3 at East Broad Station is an oil filled breaker has experienced 13 Fault Ops relay coordination, the circuit breakers will be replaced with this project to best align outages in the area. The maintenance required due to oil handling. Therefore, along with replacing the remote end relays required for & the CB-7 is also an oil filled breaker with 15 Fault Ops. Furthermore, the oil filled breakers have more remaining East Broad needs are presented as AEP-2021-OH045.

Projected In-Service: 12/18/2023

Supplemental Project ID: s2639.1-.4

Project Status: Scoping

# AEP Transmission Zone M-3 Process Whitehall, OH



AEP Local Plan - 2022

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### Appendix C Form Easement

**Line Name: Poth 138kV Extension East** 

**Line No.: TLN380:OH347** 

**Easement No.:** 

#### **EASEMENT AND RIGHT OF WAY**

On this day of, 202_, for good and valuable consideration, the
receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, and the covenants hereinafter set forth
[landowner name and marital status] , whose address is
"Grantor"), whether one or more persons, hereby grants, sells, conveys, and warrants to Ohio
Power Company, an Ohio corporation, a unit of American Electric Power, whose principal
ousiness address is 1 Riverside Plaza, Columbus, Ohio 43215 ("AEP"), and its successors and
affiliates, a permanent easement and right of way ("Easement") for a single electric transmission
ine, not to exceed 138 kV, for distribution purposes, and for internal communication purposes
related to the transmission of electricity (the "Transmission Line"), being, in, on, over, under
through and across the following described lands of Grantor, situated in the State of Ohio, County
of Franklin, and Township of and being a part of <u>[abbreviated legal</u>
description] ("Grantor's Property").
Contingent provision: [Spouse of Grantor, if any] join herein for the purpose of releasing all dower
rights in regard to the Easement.
Grantor claims title by <u>[name of vesting instrument]</u> dated from <u>[name of vesting instrument]</u>
first grantor], recorded on at[record volume, page] in the Frankling
County Recorder's Office.
Auditor/Key/Tax Number: [Tax Parcel Number]

The Easement Area is more fully described and depicted on Exhibit "A", a copy of which is attached hereto and made a part hereof ("Easement Area").

#### GRANTOR FURTHER GRANTS AEP THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS:

The right, now or in the future, to construct, reconstruct, operate, maintain, alter, improve, inspect, patrol, protect, repair, remove, replace, upgrade and relocate within the Easement Area, structures and appurtenant equipment necessary for the Transmission Line.

The right, in AEP's discretion, now or in the future, to cut down, trim or remove, and otherwise control, any and all trees, overhanging branches, vegetation or brush situated within the Easement Area and any temporary access roads or temporary workspaces identified on Exhibit "A" outside the Easement Area. Provided, however, that AEP shall not use herbicides or similar products for these purposes on any portions of the Grantor's Property maintained for residential or agricultural use. AEP shall also have the right to cut down, trim or remove trees situated on Grantor's Property which adjoin the Easement Area within the Tree Protection Zone when in the reasonable opinion of AEP those trees are dead, dying, diseased, leaning, or structurally defective and may endanger the safety of, or interfere with the construction, operation or maintenance of AEP's facilities or ingress or egress to, from or along the Easement Area. The Tree Protection Zone extends eighty feet on all sides of the Easement Area depicted in Exhibit A.

AEP shall also have the right of reasonable ingress and egress over, across and upon the Easement Area only, unless additional access routes are depicted in the attached Exhibit A. Provided, however, that in the event access over, across and upon the Easement Area – and access routes, if any, shown in Exhibit A – shall become blocked or otherwise rendered unsafe or hazardous for use, AEP may temporarily access the Easement Area from other points across Grantor's Property, so long as that access is both reasonable and limited to the duration of the interference or safety hazard. AEP shall return the access area to its preexisting condition or pay damages to Grantor.

AEP shall also have the right to use temporary workspaces and temporary access roads outside the Easement Area, if any are shown on Exhibit A, in connection with its initial construction of the Transmission Line. AEP may shift the location of such temporary workspaces, if any, up to twenty (20) feet in any direction, and also shift the location of such temporary access roads, if any, up to twenty (20) feet in any direction, as field conditions or other requirements dictate. Upon completion of the overall Transmission Line project, but in no event later than two (2) years following the start of construction on Grantor's Property, AEP shall remove its equipment from all such temporary workspaces and temporary access roads outside the Easement Area, and AEP's temporary rights outside of the Easement Area shall automatically cease, terminate and revert to Grantor. AEP shall return any such areas to their preexisting condition or pay damages to Grantor as soon as practicable.

#### THIS GRANT IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

Grantor reserves the right to cultivate annual crops, pasture, construct fences (provided gates are installed that adequately provide AEP the access rights conveyed herein) and roads or otherwise use Grantor's Property encumbered by this Easement in any way not inconsistent with the rights

herein granted. In no event, however, shall Grantor, its heirs, successors, affiliates and assigns plant or cultivate any trees or place, construct, install, erect or permit any temporary or permanent building, structure, improvement or obstruction including but not limited to, storage tanks, billboards, signs, sheds, dumpsters, light poles, water impoundments, above ground irrigation systems, swimming pools or wells, or permit any alteration of the ground elevation, over, or within the Easement Area. AEP may, at Grantor's cost, remove any structure or obstruction if placed within the Easement Area, and may re-grade any alterations of the ground elevation within the Easement Area.

AEP agrees to repair or pay Grantor for actual damages sustained by Grantor to crops, fences, gates, irrigation and drainage systems, drives, or lawns that are permitted herein, when such damages arise out of AEP's exercise of the rights herein granted.

Pursuant to R.C. 163.02, Grantor possesses a right of repurchase pursuant to R.C. 163.211 if AEP decides not to use Grantor's Property for the purpose stated in the appropriation petition and Grantor provides timely notice of a desire to repurchase.

This instrument contains the complete agreement, expressed or implied between the parties herein and shall inure to the benefit of and be binding on their respective successors, affiliates, heirs, executors, and administrators.

This Easement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which, taken together, shall constitute one and the same instrument.

Any remaining space on this page left intentionally blank. See next page(s) for signature(s).

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, said Grantor hereunto set their hand(s) and seal(s) as of the last date set forth below.

#### **GRANTOR**

SIGNATURE BLOCK FOR A BUSINESS ENTITY / TRUST:

	[name of entity/trust & kind of business association identified]
	By: Print name: Its Authorized Signer
State of Ohio §	SS:
County of §	
	ged before me on this day of, 202, the [title] of name of of incorporation and type of entity/trust], on behalf of
	Notary
SIGNATURE BLOCK FOR AN	INDIVIDUAL:
	[Typed name of individual]
State of Ohio § §	SS:
County of §	
This instrument was acknowled 202 by <u>[name of individual</u>	ged before me on this day of all
	Notary

This instrument prepared by Marland Turner, American Electric Power Service Corporation, 1 Riverside Plaza, Columbus, OH 43215 for and on behalf of Ohio Power Company, a unit of American Electric Power.

When recorded return to: American Electric Power – Transmission Right of Way, 8600 Smith's Mill Road, New Albany, OH 43054.

### Appendix D Agency Correspondence



In reply, refer to 2021-FRA-52075

August 6, 2021

Mr. Ryan J. Weller Weller & Associates, Inc. 1395 West Fifth Avenue Columbus, Ohio 43212

RE: Poth Distribution Station and Poth 138kV Transmission Line Extensions, City of Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio

Dear Mr. Weller:

This letter is in response to the correspondence received on July 9, 2021 regarding the proposed Poth Distribution Station and Poth 138kV Transmission Line Extensions, City of Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio. We appreciate the opportunity to comment on this project. The comments of the Ohio State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) are made pursuant to Section 149.53 of the Ohio Revised Code and the Ohio Power Siting Board rules for siting this project (OAC 4906-5). The comments of the Ohio SHPO are also submitted in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (54 U.S.C. 306108 [36 CFR 800]).

The following comments pertain to the *Phase I Cultural Resource Management Investigations for the 1.85 ha (4.58 ac) Poth Distribution Station and the Approximately .8 km (.5 mi) Poth 138kV Transmission Line Extensions in the City of Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio* by Weller & Associates, Inc. (2021).

A literature review, visual inspection, shovel probe excavation was completed as part of the investigations. No previously identified archaeological sites are located within the project area and no new archaeological sites were identified during survey. Our office agrees no additional archeological investigation is needed.

A literature review and field survey were completed as part of the investigations. One (1) history/architecture resource fifty years of age or older was identified within the Area of Potential Effects (APE) during the field survey. It is Weller's recommendation that this property is not eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). Our office agrees with Weller's recommendations of eligibility.

Based on the information provided, we agree that the project as proposed will have no effect on historic properties. No further coordination with this office is necessary, unless the project changes or unless new or additional historic properties are discovered during implementation of this project. In such a situation, this office should be contacted. If you have any questions, please contact me at (614) 298-2022, or by e-mail at <a href="mailto:khorrocks@ohiohistory.org">khorrocks@ohiohistory.org</a> or Joy Williams at <a href="mailto:jwilliams@ohiohistory.org">jwilliams@ohiohistory.org</a>. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Krista Horrocks, Project Reviews Manager

Resource Protection and Review

RPR Serial No: 1089279



In reply, refer to 2021-FRA-52075

April 8, 2022

Mr. Ryan J. Weller Weller & Associates, Inc. 1395 West Fifth Avenue Columbus, Ohio 43212

RE: Poth Distribution Station Project, City of Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio - Addendum

Dear Mr. Weller:

This letter is in response to the correspondence received on April 6, 2022 regarding the proposed Poth Distribution Station Project, City of Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio. We appreciate the opportunity to comment on this project. The comments of the Ohio State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) are made pursuant to Section 149.53 of the Ohio Revised Code and the Ohio Power Siting Board rules for siting this project (OAC 4906-5). The comments of the Ohio SHPO are also submitted in accordance with the provisions of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (54 U.S.C. 306108 [36 CFR 800]).

The following comments pertain to the Addendum Investigations for the Poth Station Project in the City of Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio by Weller & Associates, Inc. (2022).

A literature review, visual inspection, and shovel probe excavation was completed as part of the investigations. No previously identified archaeological sites are located within the project area and no new archaeological sites were identified during survey. The project area was found to be highly disturbed. Our office agrees no additional archeological investigation is needed. No additional history/architecture survey was needed for the revised project area.

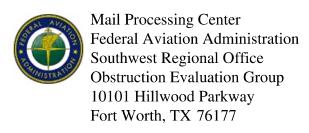
Based on the information provided, we continue to agree that the project as proposed will have no effect on historic properties. No further coordination with this office is necessary, unless the project changes or unless new or additional historic properties are discovered during implementation of this project. In such a situation, this office should be contacted. If you have any questions, please contact me at (614) 298-2022, or by e-mail at <a href="mailto:khorrocks@ohiohistory.org">khorrocks@ohiohistory.org</a>. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Krista Horrocks, Project Reviews Manager

Resource Protection and Review

RPR Serial No: 1092793



Issued Date: 08/29/2023

Lisa Keopaseuth Lisa Keopaseuth 8500 Smiths Mill Rd New Albany, OH 43054

#### \*\* DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION \*\*

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Transmission Line Tower 1E

Location: Columbus, OH

Latitude: 39-58-49.49N NAD 83

Longitude: 82-52-34.39W

Heights: 801 feet site elevation (SE)

101 feet above ground level (AGL) 902 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

It is required that FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, be e-filed any time the project is abandoned or:

	At least 10 days prior to start of construction (7460-2, Part 1)
X_	_ Within 5 days after the construction reaches its greatest height (7460-2, Part 2)

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1.

This determination expires on 03/01/2025 unless:

- (a) the construction is started (not necessarily completed) and FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, is received by this office.
- (b) extended, revised, or terminated by the issuing office.
- (c) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and an application for a construction permit has been filed, as required by the FCC, within 6 months of the date of this determination. In such case, the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or the date the FCC denies the application.

NOTE: REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF THIS DETERMINATION MUST BE E-FILED AT LEAST 15 DAYS PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION DATE. AFTER RE-EVALUATION OF CURRENT OPERATIONS IN THE AREA OF THE STRUCTURE TO DETERMINE THAT NO SIGNIFICANT AERONAUTICAL CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED, YOUR DETERMINATION MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR ONE EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD.

This determination is based, in part, on the foregoing description which includes specific coordinates, heights, frequency(ies) and power. Any changes in coordinates, heights, and frequencies or use of greater power, except those frequencies specified in the Colo Void Clause Coalition; Antenna System Co-Location; Voluntary Best Practices, will void this determination. Any future construction or alteration, including increase to heights, power, or the addition of other transmitters, requires separate notice to the FAA. This determination includes all previously filed frequencies and power for this structure.

If construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed, you must submit notice to the FAA within 5 days after the construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed.

This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

If we can be of further assistance, please contact Raymond Davis, at (817) 222-4613, or Raymond.a.davis@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2023-AGL-16372-OE.

(DNE)

Signature Control No: 596633854-597901018
Mike Helvey

Manager, Obstruction Evaluation Group

Attachment(s)
Case Description
Map(s)

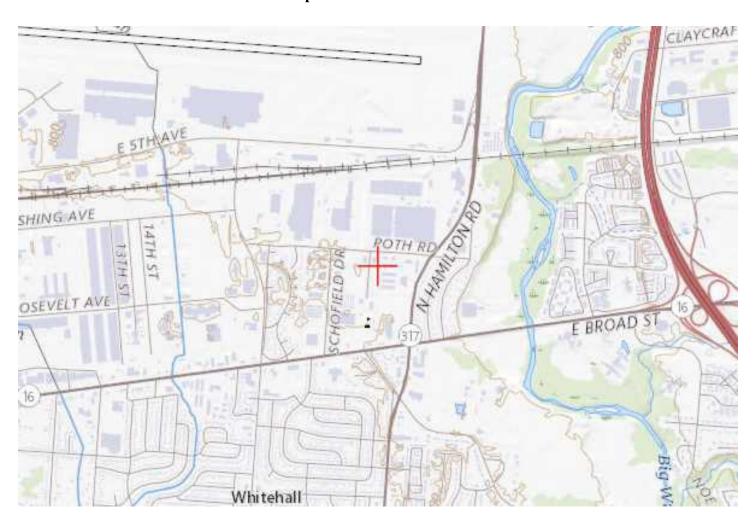
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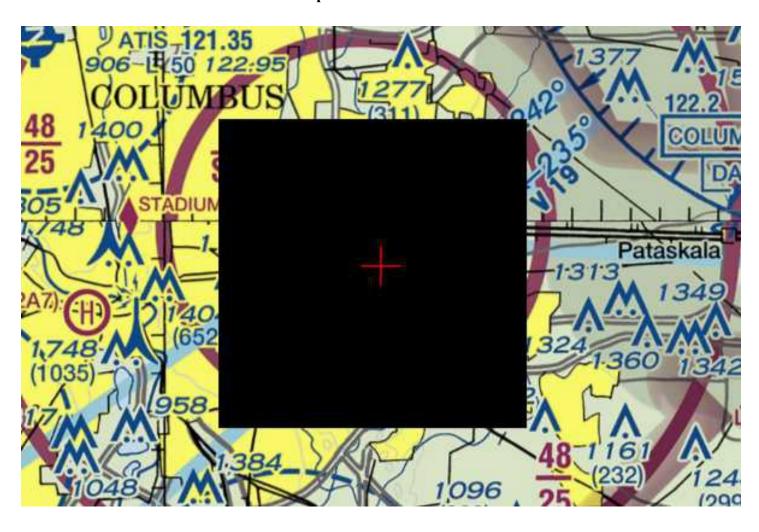
Installing 2 steel, deadend, monopoles to replace wooden Strs. 70 and 72. Also, installing two extension 138kV lines that tap off Strs. 70 and 72 and 4 more steel, deadend, monopoles.

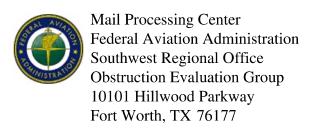
#### Verified Map for ASN 2023-AGL-16372-OE



#### TOPO Map for ASN 2023-AGL-16372-OE







Issued Date: 08/29/2023

Lisa Keopaseuth Lisa Keopaseuth 8500 Smiths Mill Rd New Albany, OH 43054

#### \*\* DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION \*\*

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Transmission Line Tower 2E

Location: Columbus, OH

Latitude: 39-58-47.52N NAD 83

Longitude: 82-52-37.56W

Heights: 803 feet site elevation (SE)

86 feet above ground level (AGL) 889 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

It is required that FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, be e-filed any time the project is abandoned or:

	At least 10 days prior to start of construction (7460-2, Part 1)	
X_	Within 5 days after the construction reaches its greatest height (7460-2, Par	rt 2)

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1.

This determination expires on 03/01/2025 unless:

- (a) the construction is started (not necessarily completed) and FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, is received by this office.
- (b) extended, revised, or terminated by the issuing office.
- (c) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and an application for a construction permit has been filed, as required by the FCC, within 6 months of the date of this determination. In such case, the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or the date the FCC denies the application.

NOTE: REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF THIS DETERMINATION MUST BE E-FILED AT LEAST 15 DAYS PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION DATE. AFTER RE-EVALUATION OF CURRENT OPERATIONS IN THE AREA OF THE STRUCTURE TO DETERMINE THAT NO SIGNIFICANT AERONAUTICAL CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED, YOUR DETERMINATION MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR ONE EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD.

This determination is based, in part, on the foregoing description which includes specific coordinates, heights, frequency(ies) and power. Any changes in coordinates, heights, and frequencies or use of greater power, except those frequencies specified in the Colo Void Clause Coalition; Antenna System Co-Location; Voluntary Best Practices, will void this determination. Any future construction or alteration, including increase to heights, power, or the addition of other transmitters, requires separate notice to the FAA. This determination includes all previously filed frequencies and power for this structure.

If construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed, you must submit notice to the FAA within 5 days after the construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed.

This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

If we can be of further assistance, please contact Raymond Davis, at (817) 222-4613, or Raymond.a.davis@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2023-AGL-16373-OE.

(DNE)

Signature Control No: 596633855-597901021 Mike Helvey

Manager, Obstruction Evaluation Group

Attachment(s)
Case Description
Map(s)

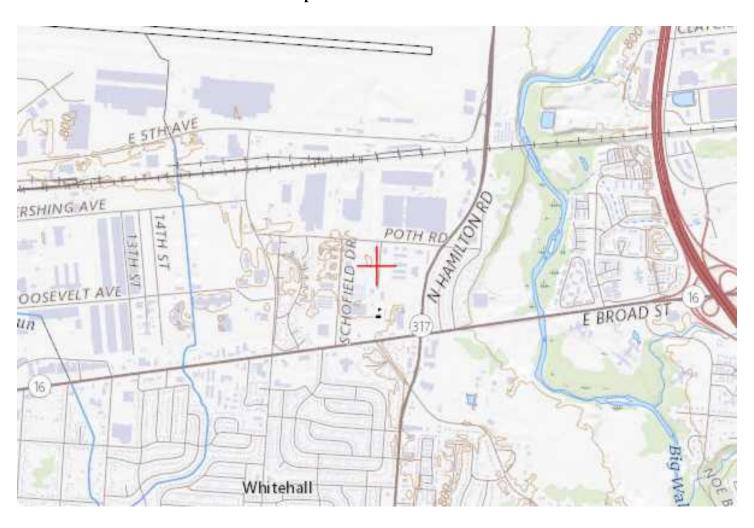
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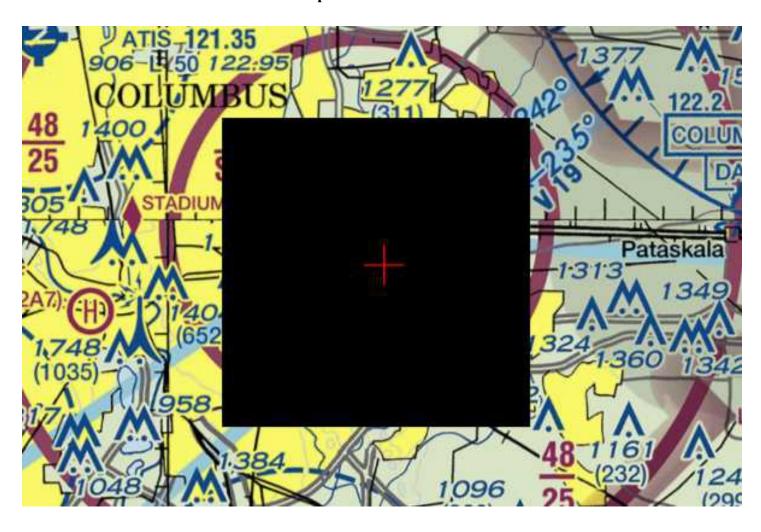
Installing 2 steel, deadend, monopoles to replace wooden Strs. 70 and 72. Also, installing two extension 138kV lines that tap off Strs. 70 and 72 and 4 more steel, deadend, monopoles.

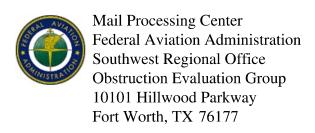
#### Verified Map for ASN 2023-AGL-16373-OE



#### TOPO Map for ASN 2023-AGL-16373-OE







Issued Date: 08/29/2023

Lisa Keopaseuth Lisa Keopaseuth 8500 Smiths Mill Rd New Albany, OH 43054

#### \*\* DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION \*\*

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Transmission Line Tower 3E

Location: Columbus, OH

Latitude: 39-58-46.28N NAD 83

Longitude: 82-52-37.65W

Heights: 804 feet site elevation (SE)

81 feet above ground level (AGL) 885 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

It is required that FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, be e-filed any time the project is abandoned or:

	At least 10 days prior to start of construction (7460-2, Part 1)
X_	Within 5 days after the construction reaches its greatest height (7460-2, Part 2

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1.

This determination expires on 03/01/2025 unless:

- (a) the construction is started (not necessarily completed) and FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, is received by this office.
- (b) extended, revised, or terminated by the issuing office.
- (c) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and an application for a construction permit has been filed, as required by the FCC, within 6 months of the date of this determination. In such case, the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or the date the FCC denies the application.

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This determination is based, in part, on the foregoing description which includes specific coordinates, heights, frequency(ies) and power. Any changes in coordinates, heights, and frequencies or use of greater power, except those frequencies specified in the Colo Void Clause Coalition; Antenna System Co-Location; Voluntary Best Practices, will void this determination. Any future construction or alteration, including increase to heights, power, or the addition of other transmitters, requires separate notice to the FAA. This determination includes all previously filed frequencies and power for this structure.

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This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

If we can be of further assistance, please contact Raymond Davis, at (817) 222-4613, or Raymond.a.davis@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2023-AGL-16374-OE.

(DNE)

Signature Control No: 596633859-597901016 Mike Helvey

Manager, Obstruction Evaluation Group

Attachment(s)
Case Description
Map(s)

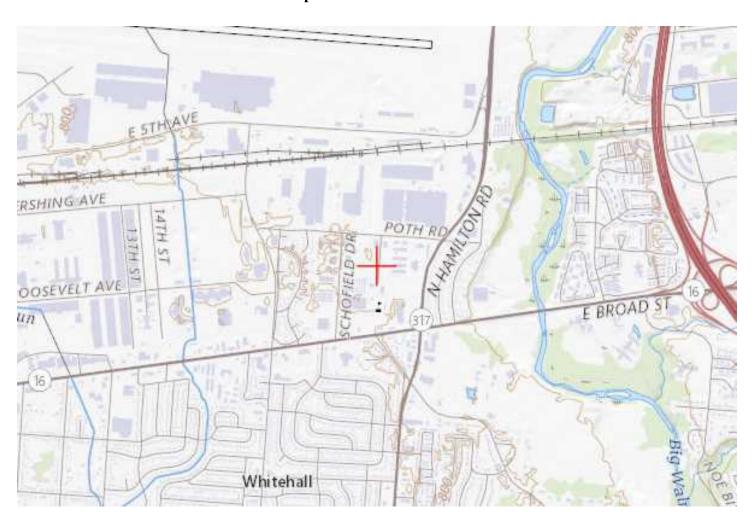
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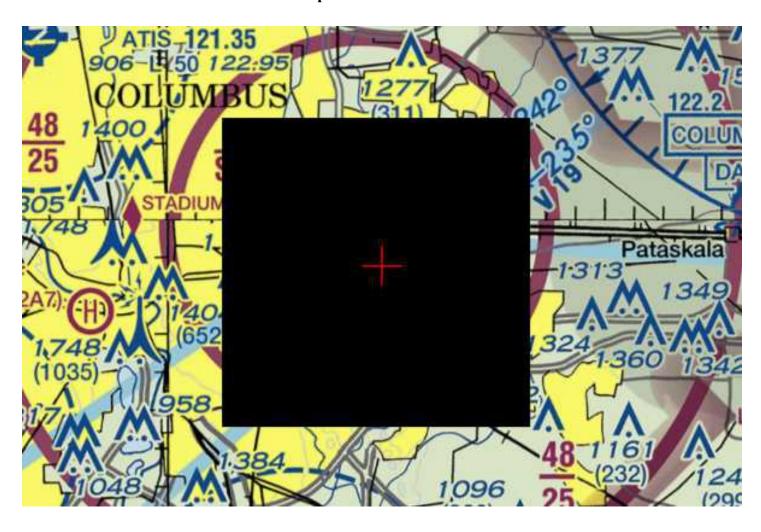
Installing 2 steel, deadend, monopoles to replace wooden Strs. 70 and 72. Also, installing two extension 138kV lines that tap off Strs. 70 and 72 and 4 more steel, deadend, monopoles.

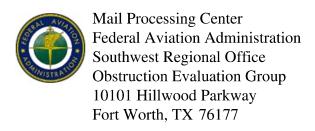
#### Verified Map for ASN 2023-AGL-16374-OE



#### TOPO Map for ASN 2023-AGL-16374-OE







Issued Date: 08/29/2023

Lisa Keopaseuth Lisa Keopaseuth 8500 Smiths Mill Rd New Albany, OH 43054

#### \*\* DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION \*\*

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Transmission Line Tower 1W

Location: Columbus, OH

Latitude: 39-58-49.37N NAD 83

Longitude: 82-52-40.31W

Heights: 801 feet site elevation (SE)

81 feet above ground level (AGL) 882 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

It is required that FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, be e-filed any time the project is abandoned or:

	At least 10 days prior to start of construction (7460-2, Part 1)
X_	_ Within 5 days after the construction reaches its greatest height (7460-2, Part 2)

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1.

This determination expires on 03/01/2025 unless:

- (a) the construction is started (not necessarily completed) and FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, is received by this office.
- (b) extended, revised, or terminated by the issuing office.
- (c) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and an application for a construction permit has been filed, as required by the FCC, within 6 months of the date of this determination. In such case, the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or the date the FCC denies the application.

NOTE: REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF THIS DETERMINATION MUST BE E-FILED AT LEAST 15 DAYS PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION DATE. AFTER RE-EVALUATION OF CURRENT OPERATIONS IN THE AREA OF THE STRUCTURE TO DETERMINE THAT NO SIGNIFICANT AERONAUTICAL CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED, YOUR DETERMINATION MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR ONE EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD.

This determination is based, in part, on the foregoing description which includes specific coordinates, heights, frequency(ies) and power. Any changes in coordinates, heights, and frequencies or use of greater power, except those frequencies specified in the Colo Void Clause Coalition; Antenna System Co-Location; Voluntary Best Practices, will void this determination. Any future construction or alteration, including increase to heights, power, or the addition of other transmitters, requires separate notice to the FAA. This determination includes all previously filed frequencies and power for this structure.

If construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed, you must submit notice to the FAA within 5 days after the construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed.

This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

If we can be of further assistance, please contact Raymond Davis, at (817) 222-4613, or Raymond.a.davis@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2023-AGL-16375-OE.

(DNE)

Signature Control No: 596633860-597901019 Mike Helvey

Manager, Obstruction Evaluation Group

Attachment(s)
Case Description
Map(s)

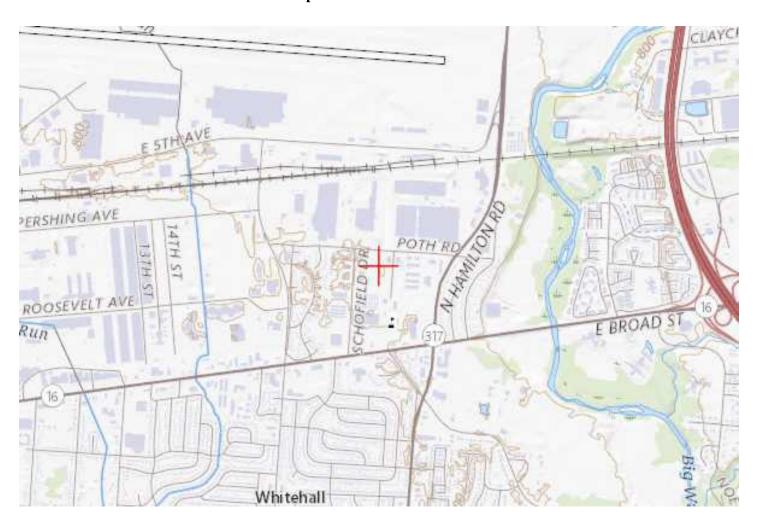
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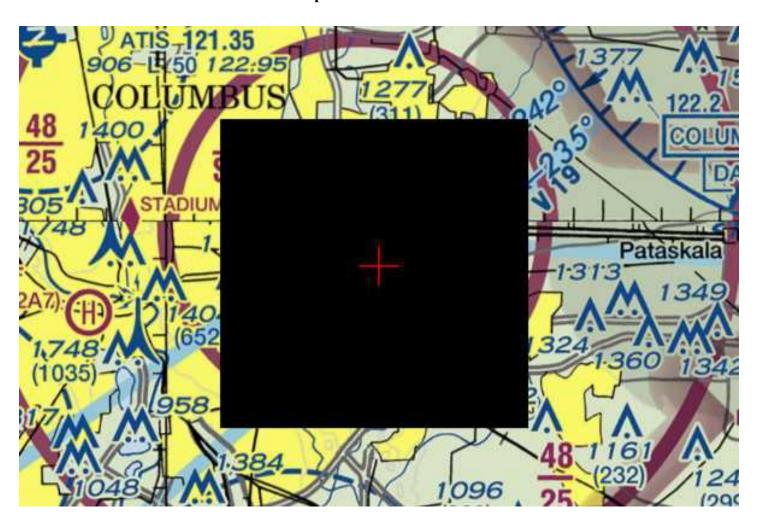
Installing 2 steel, deadend, monopoles to replace wooden Strs. 70 and 72. Also, installing two extension 138kV lines that tap off Strs. 70 and 72 and 4 more steel, deadend, monopoles.

#### Verified Map for ASN 2023-AGL-16375-OE



#### TOPO Map for ASN 2023-AGL-16375-OE





## Appendix E Ecological Resources Inventory Report

## POTH SUBSTATION AND TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT ECOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT



PROJECT NO.: LP2043151.090 DATE: AUGUST 2023

AEP Transmission 8600 Smith's Mill Road New Albany, OH 43054



WSP USA 312 ELM STREET, SUITE 2500 CINCINNATI, OH 45202





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MIDWEST REGION

APPENDIX C REPRESENTATIVE PHOTOGRAPHS

APPENDIX D AGENCY COORDINATION



### 1 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of American Electric Power (AEP) Ohio Transmission Company, Inc. (AEP Ohio Transco), WSP USA (WSP) conducted environmental surveys for the proposed Poth Substation and Transmission Line Project ("Project"), located in the City of Whitehall, in Truro, and Mifflin Townships, Franklin County, Ohio. The environmental survey included a wetland and water resource delineation and characterization of potential habitat for state and federally listed species. The wetland delineation was performed to determine whether wetlands and streams are present within the vicinity of the Project that would meet the definition of Waters of the United States (WoUS) or be subject to regulations implemented by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA), and to document their extents and current conditions if present. The wetland delineation was performed by individuals trained in the three-parameter methodology (hydrophytic vegetation, wetland hydrology, and hydric soils) adopted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) as outlined in the USACE Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory, 1987).

The report presents the results of the ecological considerations and review of the site's existing and reasonably foreseeable site conditions at the time of the environmental surveys. The results cannot apply to site changes occurring after the survey which WSP has not had the opportunity to review. During the course of any survey, site conditions may change over time due to human and/or natural causes; as such, the results presented in this report may be invalidated, either wholly or in part, by changes beyond the control of WSP.





## 2 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

#### 2.1 PROJECT AREA

The Project is located within City of Whitehall, in Truro, and Mifflin Townships, Franklin County, Ohio. The Environmental Survey Area (ESA) is located along Poth Road, north of East Broad Street, west of North Hamilton Road, and east of Yearling Road, (Figure 1, Appendix A). The Project ESA encompasses the proposed Poth Substation (approximate coordinate 38.84302 -83.06468), the removal of a 0.35-mile section of the existing East Broad Street – Bexley 138 kV Transmission Line (approximate coordinate 39.981398, -82.877716), and two new 0.25-mile 138 kV transmission lines connecting the new substation to the existing East Broad Street – Bexley 138 kV Transmission Line (Figure 1, Appendix A). The 19.85-acre ESA is within the Southeast Columbus and Reynoldsburg, Ohio U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute topographic map quadrangle boundaries. Table 2-1 provides an overview of the Project location.

**TABLE 2-1: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION** 

COUNTY:	Franklin
TOWNSHIP:	Truro and Mifflin
COORDINATES:	Poth Substation: 38.84302°, -83.06468° East Broad Street – Bexley Line: 39.981398°, -82.877716°
USGS QUADRANGLE:	Southeast Columbus and Reynoldsburg, Ohio
ENVIRONMENTAL SURVEY AREA SIZE (ac.):	19.85
ELEVATION RANGE (ft. above sea level):	796 – 811
8-DIGIT HYDROLOGIC UNIT CODE:	05060001
12-DIGIT HYDROLOGIC UNIT CODE(S):	05060001-15-05
DATE(S) OF SURVEY :	July 8, 2021 and March 30, 2022

#### 2.1.1 DRAINAGE BASINS

No streams were identified within the ESA, however multiple stormwater inlets and non-jurisdictional drainages were identified within the ESA, which drain to Mason Run or Big Walnut Creek, which are tributaries to the Scioto River and ultimately the Ohio River, which is a traditionally navigable waterway (TNW). The ESA is located within the Upper Scioto (HUC 05060001) drainage basin, hydrologic unit code. The ESA lies within one 12-digit HUC, as outlined in Table 2-2 (USDA, 2019). The OEPA 401 Water Quality Certification for the Nationwide Permits Web Mapping Application indicates that field-assessed streams within the two identified 12-digit sub-watersheds are denoted as "Possibly Eligible"; indicating that stream impacts within the ESA may require an individual 401 water quality certification (WQC) in watersheds identified as "Possibly Eligible" if impacted streams exhibit habitat features indicative of high quality waters, provided that the OEPA's general and special limitations and conditions for the nationwide permits are met (OEPA, 2020).





#### TABLE 2-2: 12-DIGIT HUC'S CROSSED BY THE PROJECT

8-DIGIT HUC CODE <sup>1</sup>	8-DIGIT HUC CODE NAME 1 12-DIGIT HUC CODE 1		12-DIGIT HUC NAME <sup>1</sup>	OHIO EPA SECTION 401 ELIGIBILITY <sup>2</sup>	
05060001 Upper Scioto 050600		05060001-15-05	Mason Run-Big Walnut Creek	Possibly Eligible	

<sup>1</sup>Source: USDA, 2019 <sup>2</sup>Source: OEPA, 2020





On July 8, 2021 and March 30, 2022, WSP ecologists traversed the 19.85-acre ESA to conduct a wetland and waters delineation. The physical boundaries of aquatic resources were recorded using a Trimble Global Positioning System (GPS) unit rated for sub-decimeter accuracy. The GPS data was then geo-corrected using Trimble GPS Pathfinder Office software (version 5.60) and reviewed for quality control.

Prior to conducting field surveys, the WSP ecologists completed a desktop review by analyzing several federal and state documents for the presence of wetland and streams. This review included Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soil survey data, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetland Inventory (NWI) maps of Ohio, USGS 7.5-minute topographic maps, and USGS National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) stream and river data as an exercise to identify the occurrence and location of potential wetlands and streams.

#### 3.1 WETLAND AND STREAM DELINEATION

#### 3.1.1 WETLAND DELINEATION

The USACE and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) define wetlands as areas inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions (33 CFR, Part 328.3).

Wetlands were delineated according to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, Technical Report Y-87-1 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual ('87 Manual) (Environmental Laboratory, 1987), and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Midwest, (Version 2.0) (Regional Supplement) (USACE, 2010). Representative data points were collected for wetlands and corresponding, adjacent upland areas. Wetland data was recorded on the USACE Regional Supplement Wetland Determination Data Forms.

Wetland vegetation communities were classified according to the *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats* of the *United States*, commonly referred to as the Cowardin Classification System (Cowardin et al., 1979). Wetlands within the ESA were assessed using the OEPA *Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands v. 5.0* (ORAM) to determine the ecological quality and level of disturbance (Mack, 2001).

#### 3.1.2 STREAM DELINEATION AND ASSESSMENT

Streams were identified by the presence of a defined bed and bank, and evidence of an ordinary high water mark (OHWM). The OHWM is defined in the USACE *Regulatory Guidance Letter No. 05-*05 (USACE, 2005). Generally, the OHWM is identified by a clearly defined, natural line along the stream bank created by fluctuations and flow of water; this may include changes in contours, substrate, vegetation, and debris (USACE, 2005).

Stream assessments were conducted using the methods described in the OEPA's Methods for Assessing Habitat in Flowing Waters: Using OEPA's *Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index* (Rankin, 2006) and *Field Evaluation Manual for Ohio's Primary Headwater Habitat Streams, Version 3* (Davic, 2012).





Two WSP ecologists surveyed the ESA on July 8, 2021 and March 30, 2022 by walking the 19.85-acre ESA and evaluating for wetlands and other WoUS. WSP did not identify any wetland features or streams within the ESA. Two man-made detention basins were delineated with the ESA. Additionally, multiple upland drainages were identified within the ESA. The identified water resources are depicted on the Delineated Features Map (Figure 3, Appendix A).

#### 4.1 DESKTOP REVIEW

#### 4.1.1 SOILS EVALUATION

According to the NRCS Soil Data for Franklin County, Ohio, there is only one soil map unit within the ESA, as presented in Table 4-1. The soil observed by the WSP ecologists during the reconnaissance of the ESA were consistent with the NRCS soil survey mapping. No hydric soils were identified within the ESA.

TABLE 4-1: SOIL UNITS MAPPED WITHIN THE ESA

SOIL UNIT SYMBOL	SOIL UNIT NAME	PERCENT HYDRIC	HYDRIC RATING <sup>1</sup>	AREA WITHIN ESA (ac.)
BfA	Bennington-Urban land complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	6	Predominately Non-Hydric	19.36
BfB	Bennington-Urban land complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes	6	Predominately Non-Hydric	0.49

Total Area of Non-Hydric Soils 19.85

#### 4.1.2 NATIONAL WETLAND INVENTORY REVIEW

According to the NWI maps of the Southeast Columbus and Reynoldsburg, Ohio quadrangle boundaries, there are no mapped NWI boundaries within the 19.85-acre ESA. Locations of the NWI mapped wetlands in the vicinity of the ESA are shown on Figure 2 (Appendix A).

#### 4.1.3 FEMA FLOODPLAIN REVIEW

According to Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) National Flood Hazard Layer, there are no 100-year floodplains or regulated floodways within the ESA.

#### 4.2 DELINEATED WETLANDS

During environmental surveys, the WSP ecologists did not identify any wetlands within the 19.85-acre ESA.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Non-Hydric = 0% hydric soil component; Predominantly Non-Hydric = 1-32%; Partially Hydric =33-65%; Predominantly Hydric = 66-99%; and All Hydric = 100%. Source: Soil Survey Staff, NRCS. Web Soil Survey.



USACE wetland determination forms verifying upland locations within the ESA are provided in Appendix B. Representative photographs of the upland verification data points were taken and are provided in Appendix C.

#### 4.3 DELINEATED STREAMS

During environmental surveys, the WSP ecologists did not identify any streams within the 19.85-acre ESA. Representative photographs of the ESA were taken and are provided in Appendix C

#### 4.4 PONDS, LAKES, AND RESERVOIRS

During the environmental survey, the WSP ecologists identified two detention basins within the ESA. As shown on Figure 3, Appendix A, these basins total 0.31 acres, ranging in size from <0.01 to 0.31 acres. The reported acreage only corresponds to areas delineated within the ESA as the boundaries of some basins extended beyond the survey boundary. Both delineated basins appear to be artificial (manmade), as they appear to be constructed in upland or non-jurisdictional waters, based on historical aerial imagery and therefore will likely be considered non-jurisdictional to the USACE.

The location of the identified waterbodies within the ESA are shown in Figure 3 (Appendix A). Table 4-2 provides the waterbody location, size within the ESA, and jurisdictional status. Representative photographs were taken of the identified waterbodies during the field survey and are provided in Appendix C.

In addition to the waterbodies identified, all swales, ditches, and other surface drainages within the ESA were also evaluated for consideration as jurisdictional Waters of the U.S. with respect to the Clean Water Act. Jurisdictional ditches must meet the definition of tributary, have an OHWM, and flow directly or indirectly through another water to a TNW. No roadside ditches, erosional features, or swales were observed throughout the ESA.

TABLE 4-2: WATERBODIES MAPPED WITHIN THE ESA

WATERBODY	LOCATION		DELINEATED	IUDICDICTIONAL 2	
ID	LAT	LONG	AREA (ACRES)	JURISDICTIONAL?	
Detention Basin PS-01	39.980175	-82.877610	0.31	No	
Detention Basin PS-02	39.981592	-82.877502	<0.01	No	

#### 4.5 VEGETATIVE COMMUNITIES

The WSP ecologists also conducted a general habitat survey in conjunction with the stream and wetland field surveys. A variety of woody and herbaceous habitats, as described below in Table 4-3, are present within the ESA. A breakdown of vegetated land cover is provided, overlain on aerial photography in Figure 4 (Appendix A).





**TABLE 4-3: VEGETATIVE COMMUNITIES WITHIN THE ESA** 

VEGETATIVE COMMUNITY	DESCRIPTION	ACREAGE WITHIN THE ESA	PERCENTAGE OF ESA
Developed, High Intensity	These areas consist of developed residential, industrial, and commercial land uses, including roads, buildings, and parking lots. These areas are generally devoid of significant vegetation.	6.94	34.96%
Developed, Open Space	Developed areas, including residential and commercial properties, were observed within the ESA. These landscaped areas are frequently mowed or maintained grasses and forbs.	8.96	45.14%
Scrub/Shrub	Scrub/shrub habitats represent the successional stage between old field and second growth forest, and often emerge in recently harvested forests responding to the lack of overhead canopy.	0.77	3.88%
Old Field	Old Field habitats represent the successional stage between Developed, Open Space and Scrub/Shrub habitat. Often times these areas are previously developed areas that have been left fallow, which area maintained (mowed) once or twice a year.	0.61	3.07%
Successional Hardwood Woodland <sup>1</sup>	Successional hardwood woodlands were present with the ESA. Dominant woody species within these areas include red maple ( <i>Acer rubrum</i> ) and tulip tree ( <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> ).	2.26	11.39%
Detention Basins	Detention Basins observed within the ESA Boundary.	0.31	1.56%
	Total	19.85	100%

### 4.6 THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES COORDINATION

The first phase of the evaluation involved a review of online lists of federal and state species of concern. In addition to the review of available literature and a request for Environmental Review was submitted to the Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR). A coordination letter was also submitted to the USFWS soliciting comments on the Project. Detailed descriptions of the agency coordination are provided in proceeding sections. Correspondence from the USFWS and ODNR is included as Appendix D.

#### 4.6.1 USFWS COORDINATION

A request for review was submitted to the USFWS on August 4, 2021. In an email dated August 9, 2021 the USFWS provided comments on the Project with regard to federally-listed threatened and endangered species within the Project vicinity. USFWS indicated that there are no federal wildlife refuges, wilderness areas, or critical habitat within the vicinity of the ESA. Comments from USFWS regarding protected species are provided in Table 4-4.





#### 4.6.2 ODNR COORDINATION

A request for Environmental Review was submitted to the ODNR on August 4, 2021. The ODNR Environmental Review response, dated September 9, 2021 included comments from the Ohio Natural Heritage Database Program, Division of Wildlife (DOW), and Division of Water Resources. A review of Natural Heritage Database identified no records of state-listed species, rare habitats, or managed areas within the Project area. However, the ranges of multiple species were within a one-mile radius of the ESA. Using this as guidance, WSP has provided observations of threatened and endangered species habitat within the vicinity of the ESA in Table 4-4. The ODNR Environmental Review has been included in Appendix D.

Based on the state-listed avian species identified to have ranges within the Project area (Table 4-4, below), additional coordination with the ODNR was initiated on April 19, 2022. ODNR was provided supplemental Project location information and photos of representative habitat within the site, in order to concur with WSP's findings that no suitable habitat was identified and that the species-specific recommended construction avoidance windows were not necessary and no adverse impacts to these species or their habitats are anticipated to occur. On April 29, 2022 the ODNR responded, indicating that nesting of the eight species of state listed birds within or adjacent to the project area is unlikely. Therefore, seasonal construction restrictions are not necessary. This correspondence is included in Appendix D.

TABLE 4-4: LISTED SPECIES COMMENTED ON BY ODNR AND USFWS

COMMON NAME (SCIENTIFIC NAME)	STATE STATUS	FEDERAL STATUS	HABITAT DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL HABITAT OBSERVED IN ESA	AGENCY COMMENT	IMPACT ASSESSMENT
Mammals						
Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis)	Endangered	Endangered			The USFWS and	Minimal suitable habitat identified, within Successional Hardwood
northern long- eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis)	Threatened	Threatened	Winter hibernacula are provided by caves and mines. Summer roost habitat typically includes live or dead trees with exfoliating bark, crevices, or cavities that can be used for roosting. Open sub-canopy areas and flight corridors are important to allow maneuvering during foraging. Proximity to water sources provides a greater density of insect prey.		ODNR recommends tree cutting only occur from October 1 through March 31,	Woodlands habitat within the ESA. No potential hibernaculum were identified within
little brown bat (Myotis lucifugus)	Endangered	Not Listed		Yes (Summer)	conserving trees with loose, shaggy bark and/or	the ESA.  No impacts to these species or
tri-colored bat (Perimyotis subflavus)	Endangered	Not Listed			crevices, holes, or cavities, as well as trees with DBH ≥ 20 if possible.	their habitat is anticipated, as any tree clearing will occur during the recommended October 1 through March 31 clearing window.





TABLE 4-4: LISTED SPECIES COMMENTED ON BY ODNR AND USFWS

COMMON NAME (SCIENTIFIC NAME)	STATE STATUS	FEDERAL STATUS	HABITAT DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL HABITAT OBSERVED IN ESA	AGENCY COMMENT	IMPACT ASSESSMENT		
Mussels								
Purple cat's paw (Epioblasma o. obliquata)	Endangered	Endangered	Commonly inhabits large rivers with sandy gravel substrates. It occurs in water of shallow to moderate depth with a swift current.	No	In-water work in streams with a drainage area >5 mi² at the point of impact will require reconnaissance and/or survey efforts per the Ohio Mussel Survey Protocol.	In-water work is not anticipated; therefore, the		
Clubshell (Pleurobema clava)	Endangered	Endangered	Habitat is typically provided by streams and small rivers with well-oxygenated riffles and sand and gravel substrates.	No		Project is not likely to impact this or other aquatic species.		
Northern riffleshell (Epioblasma torulosa rangiana)	Endangered	Endangered	Habitat is typically provided by large streams and small rivers in firm sand of riffle areas.	No	In-water work in	In-water work is not anticipated; therefore, the Project is not likely to impact		
Rayed bean (Villosa fabalis)	Endangered	Endangered	Habitat is typically provided by smaller, headwater creeks, but they are sometimes found in large rivers.	No				
Snuffbox (Epioblasma triquetra)	Endangered	Endangered	Typically found in small to medium-sized creeks and some larger rivers, in areas with a swift current.	No	streams with a drainage area >5 mi <sup>2</sup> at the point of impact will require reconnaissance and/or survey			
Rabbitsfoot (Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica)	Threatened	Threatened	Typically, occurs in a variety of flowing water habitats including small to mediumsized streams and some larger navigable rivers. It usually occurs in shallow areas along the bank.	No	efforts per the Ohio Mussel Survey Protocol.	Ohio Mussel	this or other aquatic species.	
Elephant-ear (Elliptio crassidens crassidens)	Endangered	Not Listed	Primarily inhabits large rivers in mud, sand or fine gravel.	No				





TABLE 4-4: LISTED SPECIES COMMENTED ON BY ODNR AND USFWS

COMMON NAME (SCIENTIFIC NAME)	STATE STATUS	FEDERAL STATUS	HABITAT DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL HABITAT OBSERVED IN ESA	AGENCY COMMENT	IMPACT ASSESSMENT
Long solid (Fusconaia maculata maculate)	Endangered	Not Listed	Typically, found in small to large rivers in gravel with a strong current.	No		
Ohio pigtoe (Pleurobema cordatum)	Endangered	Not Listed	Commonly found in strong currents on substrates of sand and gravel.	No		
Pocketbook (Lampsilis ovata)	Endangered	Not Listed	Creeks to large rivers with quiet to swift current in gravel, sand and cobble — nearly any substrate except for moving sand.	No	In-water work in streams with a drainage area >5 mi² at the point of impact will require reconnaissance and/or survey efforts per the Ohio Mussel Survey Protocol.	In-water work is not anticipated; therefore, the Project is not likely to impact this or other aquatic species.
Washboard (Megalonaias nervosa)	Endangered	Not Listed	Typically, a large river species, inhabiting the main channel areas of a stream. Suitable habitat consists of slow current areas with substrates composed of sand, gravel, or mud.	No		
Black sandshell (Ligumia recta)	Threatened	Not Listed	most commonly occupies rivers with strong currents and lakes with a firm substrate of gravel or sand.	No		
Fawnsfoot (Truncilla donaciformis)	Threatened	Not Listed	Typically occurs in flowing areas of large rivers in soft or coarse substrate.	No		
Pondhorn (Uniomerus tetralasmus)	Threatened	Not Listed	This species is typically found in ponds, small creeks, and headwater streams with sand or mud substrates.	No		
Threehorn wartyback (Obliquaria reflexa)	Threatened	Not Listed	Typically found in large rivers with moderate current and stable gravel, sand and mud bottoms.	No		





TABLE 4-4: LISTED SPECIES COMMENTED ON BY ODNR AND USFWS

COMMON NAME (SCIENTIFIC NAME)	STATE STATUS	FEDERAL STATUS	HABITAT DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL HABITAT OBSERVED IN ESA	AGENCY COMMENT	IMPACT ASSESSMENT	
Fish							
Scioto madtom (Noturus trautmani)	Endangered	Endangered	Prefers stream riffles of moderate current over gravel bottoms. Water must be of high quality and free of suspended sediments.	No			
Goldeye (Hiodon alosoides)	Endangered	Not Listed	It prefers turbid slower-moving waters of lakes and rivers.	No	ODNR has recommended inwater work restriction dates of March 15 <sup>th</sup> to June 30 <sup>th</sup> in perennial streams. If not inwater work is proposed in perennial streams, the Project is not likely to impact this species.	No in-water work is proposed in a perennial stream; therefore, the Project is not likely to impact this or other aquatic species.	
Iowa darter (Etheostoma exile)	Endangered	Not Listed	Occurs in clear to lightly turbid water in small cool lakes, bogs, ponds, and in slow-moving waters of small brooks to medium rivers. Primarily associated with submerged vegetation.	No			
Popeye shiner (Notropis ariommus)	Endangered	Not Listed	Primarily inhabits slowly or moderately flowing rivers or creeks.	No			
Northern brook lamprey (Ichthyomyzon fossor)	Endangered	Not Listed	They are typically found in the headwaters of streams that are moderately warm and clean.	No			
Spotted darter (Etheostoma maculatum)	Endangered	Not Listed	Occur in freshwater rivers marked with the presence of boulders and other rocks.	No			
Shortnose gar (Lepisosteus platostomus)	Endangered	Not Listed	Habitat includes lakes, swamps, and the calm pools and backwaters of creeks and rivers. They are commonly found near vegetation and submerged logs.	No			





TABLE 4-4: LISTED SPECIES COMMENTED ON BY ODNR AND USFWS

COMMON				POTENTIAL		
NAME (SCIENTIFIC NAME)	STATE STATUS	FEDERAL STATUS	HABITAT DESCRIPTION	HABITAT OBSERVED IN ESA	AGENCY COMMENT	IMPACT ASSESSMENT
Tonguetied minnow (Exoglossum laurae)	Endangered	Not Listed	Unable to live in murky waters and requires a clean rock river bottom, typically cool waters within forested banks of large rivers.	No		
Lake chubsucker (Erimyzon sucetta)	Threatened	Not Listed	Wetlands, ponds, and floodplain lakes with still water and low turbidity.	No	ODNR has recommended in- water work restriction dates of March 15 <sup>th</sup> to June 30 <sup>th</sup> in perennial streams. If not in- water work is proposed in perennial streams, the Project is not likely to impact this species.	No in-water work is proposed in a perennial stream; the therefore, Project is not likely to impact this or other aquatic species.
Paddlefish (Polyodon spathula)	Threatened	Not Listed	Typically found in deep water of large river basins and their tributaries.	No		
Tippecanoe darter (Etheostoma tippecanoe)	Threatened	Not Listed	Most commonly in medium to large streams and rivers.	No		
Birds						
American bittern (Botaurus lentiginosus)	Endangered	Not Listed	This species prefers large undisturbed wetlands that have scattered small pools amongst dense vegetation. They occasionally occupy bogs, large wet meadows, and dense shrubby swamps.	No	If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.	No suitable habitat was observed. Therefore, no impacts to these species or their habitat is anticipated. Concurrence from ODNR regarding lack of suitable habitat was received on April 29, 2022.
Black-crowned night-heron (Nycticorax nycticorax),	Threatened	Not Listed	Wide variety of aquatic habitats, around both fresh and saltwater, including marshes, rivers, ponds, and canals. Nests in groves of trees, in thickets, or on ground, usually on islands or above water, perhaps to avoid predators.	No		





TABLE 4-4: LISTED SPECIES COMMENTED ON BY ODNR AND USFWS

COMMON NAME (SCIENTIFIC NAME)	STATE STATUS	FEDERAL STATUS	HABITAT DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL HABITAT OBSERVED IN ESA	AGENCY COMMENT	IMPACT ASSESSMENT
Cattle egret (Bubulcus ibis)	Endangered	Not Listed	Widespread in any kind of open country, including pastures, plowed fields, lawns, roadsides. Also, in aquatic habitats, including flooded fields, marshes. Nests in trees or shrubs, in colonies with other wading birds	No	ODNR has recommended that potential nesting habitat be avoided during the May 15 <sup>th</sup> to August 15 <sup>th</sup> nesting period.	
Lark sparrow (Chondestes grammacus)	Endangered	Not Listed	Breed in open grassy habitats with scattered trees and shrubs including orchards, fallow fields, open woodlands, and grasslands.	No	ODNR has recommended that potential nesting habitat be avoided during the May 1 <sup>st</sup> to July 31 <sup>st</sup> nesting period.  ODNR has recommended that potential nesting habitat be avoided during the April 15 <sup>th</sup> to July 31 <sup>st</sup> nesting period.	No potentially suitable habitat observed within the ESA. Impacts to this species and its habitat are not anticipated. Concurrence from ODNR regarding lack of suitable habitat was received on April 29, 2022.
Least bittern (Ixobrychus exilis)	Threatened	Not Listed	Often found in freshwater or brackish marshes with tall grasses, cattails, and reeds.	No		
Northern Harrier (Circus hudsonis)	Endangered	Not Listed	This species is occasionally known to breed in large marshes and grasslands.	No		
Sandhill crane (Grus canadensis)	Threatened	Not Listed	Breed and forage in open prairies, grasslands, and wetlands. Outside of the breeding season, they often roost in deeper water of ponds or lakes, where they are safe from predators	No	ODNR has recommended that potential nesting habitat be avoided during the April 15st to August 31st nesting period.	
Upland sandpiper (Bartramia longicauda)	Endangered	Not Listed	Nesting habitat is provided in grasslands, pastures, and oldfield areas.	No	ODNR has recommended that potential nesting habitat be avoided during the April 15 <sup>th</sup> to July 31 <sup>st</sup> nesting period.	





WSP ecologists conducted environmental surveys of the Poth Substation and Transmission Line Project on July 8, 2021 and March 30, 2022. Two man-made detention basins totaling 0.31 acre were delineated by WSP ecologists within the 19.85-acre ESA. The identified detention basins appear to be man-made open water features that were excavated in upland soils and primarily fed from stormwater runoff from the surrounding commercial and industrial land uses. Therefore, will likely be considered non-jurisdictional by the USACE. The results discussed in this report are confined to the ESA limits described in earlier sections and depicted on Figure 3 (Appendix A).

Based on observations within the ESA during environmental surveys, USFWS comments, and ODNR comments, potential impacts to the Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat are not anticipated if the recommended seasonal clearing dates are utilized. Minimal forested areas that would typically provide potential summer roost habitat for bat species, ware located within the ESA, and it is recommended that any tree clearing activity occurs within the clearing window (October 1st – March 31<sup>st</sup>), to limit the potential impact to bat species and their summer habitat. Additionally, no potential hibernaculum were identified within the ESA or in the vicinity of the ESA, during the environmental surveys on July 8, 2021 and March 30, 2022.

It is anticipated that in-water work is not necessary, therefore no mussel surveys or construction timing windows are necessary related to protected fish species.

No potential habitat of any state- or federally-listed bird species were identified within the ESA during the environmental field surveys. Concurrence from ODNR regarding the lack of state-listed bird species was received on April 29, 2022 and is included in in Appendix D. Therefore, no adverse effects to these species or their habitat is expected to occur.





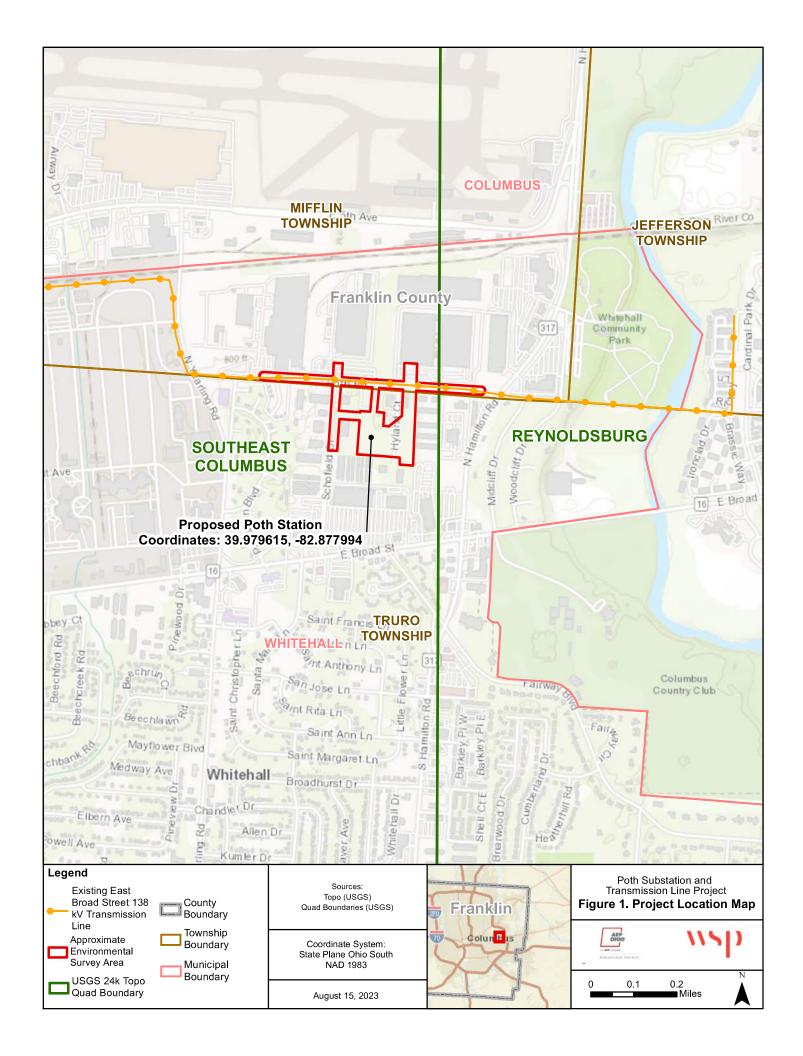
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- USFWS. 2019. *National Wetlands Inventory Map Southeast Columbus and Reynoldsburg*, *Ohio quadrangles*. Available online at: https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/mapper.html.
- USGS. 2007. National Hydrography Dataset. Available at: http://nhd.usgs.gov/data.html.



## **APPENDIX**

## A FIGURES





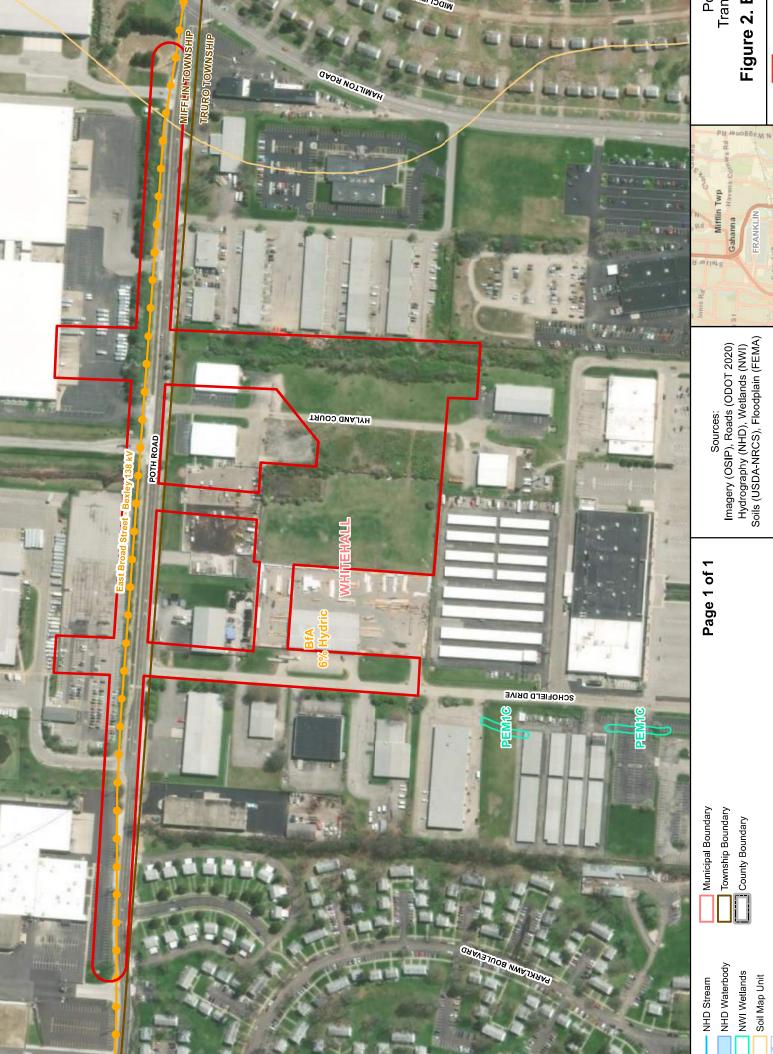


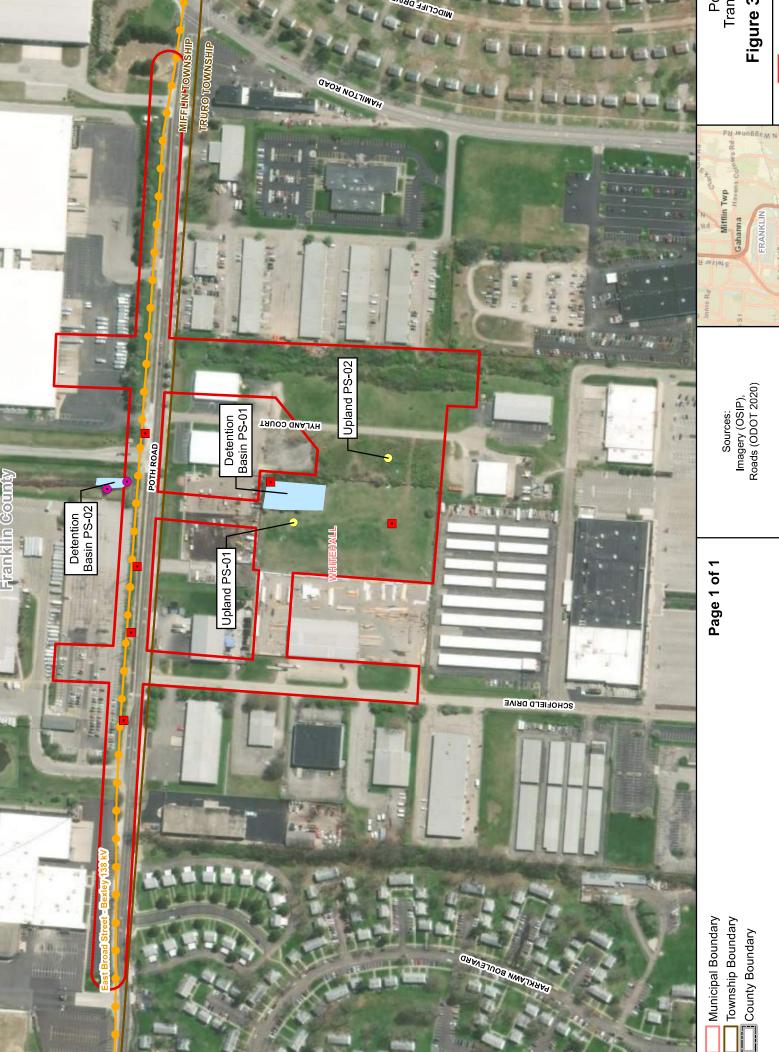
Figure 2.

AEP TRANSMISSION

Coordinate System:

FEMA 100-Yr Floodplain FEMA Floodway

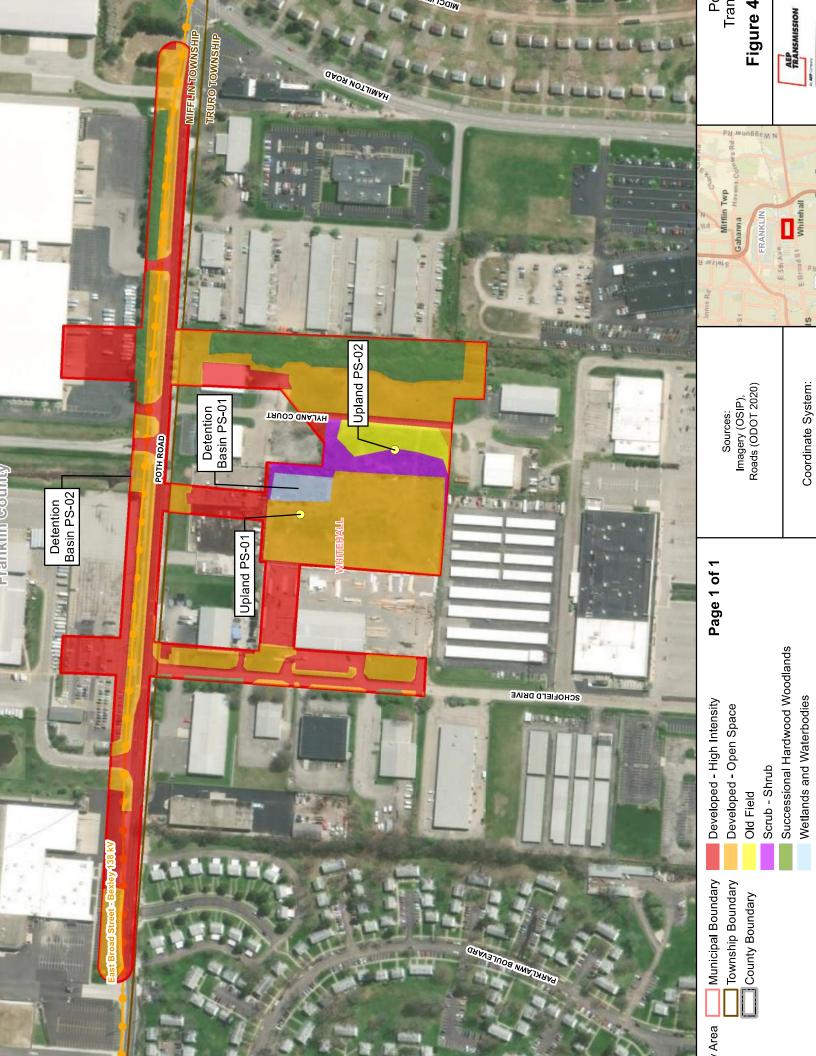
NWI Wetlands Soil Map Unit



County Boundary

Coordinate System:

Figure 3 TRANSMISSION



## **APPENDIX**

B USACE WETLAND
DETERMINATION
FORMS – MIDWEST
REGION



## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Midwest Region

Project/Site: Poth Station	ct/Site: Poth Station				City/County: Franklin County, OH Sampling Date: 7/8/2				
Applicant/Owner: AEP			State: OH	Sampling Point:	Upland PS-1				
Investigator(s): B. Rolfes, P. Renner	Section, T	ownship, Ra	nge: S4 T12N R21W						
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Terrace	L	₋ocal relief (c	concave, convex, none):	none					
Slope (%):1_ Lat: 39.980147		Long: <u>-</u> 8	82.877936		Datum: WGS1984				
Soil Map Unit Name: Bennington-Urban land complex, 0	to 2 percer	nt slopes		NWI classifi	ication: NA				
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for	this time of	f year?	Yes X	No (If no, exp	lain in Remarks.)				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysig	gnificantly d	disturbed? A	re "Normal C	Circumstances" present?	Yes No	o			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologyna				plain any answers in Rer	<u> </u>				
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map			g point lo	cations, transects,	important fea	tures, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No	×	Is the	Sampled Ar	rea					
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No	within	n a Wetland?	? Yes	No <u>X</u>					
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No _	X								
Remarks:									
NECETATION   Lies estertific names of plant									
<b>VEGETATION</b> – Use scientific names of plant	ts. Absolute	Dominant	Indicator						
	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Test wor	ksheet:				
1				Number of Dominant S	Species That				
2				Are OBL, FACW, or F	AC:	1 (A)			
3				Total Number of Domi	nant Species	o (D)			
<del>4</del> .				Across All Strata:	<u> </u>	2 (B)			
5		=Total Cover		Percent of Dominant S Are OBL, FACW, or Fa	•	0.0% (A/B)			
		- Total Gove.			<u> </u>	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>			
1				Prevalence Index wo	rksheet:				
2.				Total % Cover of:	: Multiply	/ by:			
3.				OBL species 0	x 1 =	0			
4				FACW species 10		20			
5		T + 10 mm		FAC species 45		135			
Herb Stratum (Plot size: r=5' )	=	=Total Cover		FACU species 30 UPL species 5		120 25			
1. Poa pratensis	45	Yes	FAC	Column Totals: 90		300 (B)			
Phragmites australis	10	No	FACW	Prevalence Index =	(` ',	( )			
3. Daucus carota	5	No	UPL			<u></u>			
4. Trifolium repens	15	Yes	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetat	ion Indicators:				
5. Solidago altissima	10	No	FACU	1 - Rapid Test for	Hydrophytic Veget	ation			
6. Plantago lanceolata	5	No	FACU	2 - Dominance Te					
7				3 - Prevalence Inc					
8					Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Prov				
9					s or on a separate	·			
10	90 =	=Total Cover		<del></del>	ophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup>	` ' '			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: r=30' )	90 -	= I otal Covei		<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric so be present, unless dis					
			}		turbed or problema	ilio.			
2.				Hydrophytic Vegetation					
		=Total Cover		Present? Yes	NoX				
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separat	te sheet.)					_			
, ,	•								
1									

SOIL Sampling Point: Upland PS-1

Profile Descr Depth	Matrix		D~4.	ov Footing	-DC					
		0/		ox Featur %		Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture		Domorko	
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Color (moist)	-70	Type	LUC			Remarks	
0-16	10YR 4/4	100		- —			Loamy/Clay	ey		
				- —						
								· ·		
<sup>1</sup> Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=Dep	letion RM:	=Reduced Matrix	MS=Mas	ked Sand		<sup>2</sup> l o	cation: PL=Pore	Lining M=Matr	iv
Hydric Soil Ir	•	iction, raw	-reduced Watrix,	WO-Was	ikea Garie	Grains.		icators for Probl		
Histosol (/			Sandy Gl	eved Mat	rix (S4)			Coast Prairie Re	-	
	pedon (A2)		Sandy Re					Iron-Manganese	` ,	
Black Hist			Stripped I					Red Parent Mate		
	Sulfide (A4)		Dark Surf		-,			Very Shallow Da	` ′	2)
	Layers (A5)		Loamy M	` '	eral (F1)			Other (Explain in		-,
2 cm Muc			Loamy G						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Depleted							
	k Surface (A12)	3 (7 (1 1 )	Redox Da	•	,		<sup>3</sup> Inc	dicators of hydrop	hytic vegetation	n and
	ucky Mineral (S1)		Depleted		` '			wetland hydrolog	-	
	ky Peat or Peat (S3	3)	Redox De		` '		unless disturbed or problematic.			
Restrictive L	ayer (if observed):									
IVESUICHAE F	ayer (ii observeu).	'								
Type:							Hydric Soil Pi	resent?	Yes	No X
Type:										
Type:	n is revised from Mi						NRCS Field Ind			
Type:	n is revised from Mi						NRCS Field Ind			
Type:	n is revised from Mi	//Internet/F					NRCS Field Ind			
Type:	ches):  n is revised from Mi /www.nrcs.usda.gov	//Internet/F	SE_DOCUMENTS	S/nrcs142			NRCS Field Ind		Soils, Version 7	.0, 2015
Type:	ches):  n is revised from Mi /www.nrcs.usda.gov  GY  rology Indicators: ators (minimum of o	//Internet/F	SE_DOCUMENTS	S/nrcs142	2p2_0512		NRCS Field Ind	icators of Hydric S	Soils, Version 7	.0, 2015
Type:	ches):  n is revised from Mi /www.nrcs.usda.gov  GY  rology Indicators: ators (minimum of o	//Internet/F	red; check all that Water-Sta Aquatic F	apply) ained Lea	2p2_0512 aves (B9) 3)		NRCS Field Ind	icators of Hydric S condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr	Goils, Version 7  Goils, Version 7  Goils, Version 7  Goils, Version 7	.0, 2015
Type:	ches):  In is revised from Michael from Mich	//Internet/F	red; check all that Water-Sta Aquatic F	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant	aves (B9) 3) s (B14)	.93.docx	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat	e (minimum of tocks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2)	.0, 2015
Type:	ches):  In is revised from Microscopy  Trology Indicators:  ators (minimum of or  Vater (A1)  Her Table (A2)  In (A3)  In (A3)  In (A3)	//Internet/F	red; check all that Water-Sta Aquatic F True Aqu Hydroger	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant	aves (B9) 3) cs (B14) Odor (C1)	293.docx	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows	s (minimum of the cks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2) s (C8)	.0, 2015 wo required
Type:	ches):  In is revised from Michael from Mich	//Internet/F	red; check all that Water-Sta Aquatic F True Aqu Hydroger Oxidized	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant a Sulfide ( Rhizosph	aves (B9) 3) is (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I	293.docx	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows	Goils, Version 7	.0, 2015 wo required
Type: Depth (inc Remarks: This data form Errata. (http://  HYDROLOG  Wetland Hyd Primary Indica Surface W High Wate Saturation Water Ma Sediment Drift Depo	ches):  In is revised from Michael from Mich	//Internet/F	red; check all that Water-Sta Aquatic F True Aqu Hydroger Oxidized Presence	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant s Sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduc	aves (B9) 3) s (B14) Odor (C1) heres on I	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind )  Sec	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible	s (minimum of tocks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2) s (C8) e on Aerial Imased Plants (D1	.0, 2015 wo required
Type:	ches):  In is revised from Microward	//Internet/F	red; check all that Water-Sta Aquatic F True Aqu Hydroger Oxidized Presence Recent Iru	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduc	aves (B9) 3) s (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron (	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind )  Sec	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos	e (minimum of tocks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2) s (C8) e on Aerial Imased Plants (D1) ition (D2)	.0, 2015 wo required
Type:	ches):  In is revised from Microscopy Indicators:  ators (minimum of or Vater (A1) er Table (A2) in (A3) irks (B1) Deposits (B2) osits (B3) or Crust (B4) osits (B5)	ne is requi	red; check all that Water-Sta Aquatic F True Aqu Hydroger Oxidized Presence Recent In	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduce k Surface	aves (B9) 3) cs (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7)	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind )  Sec	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible	e (minimum of tocks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2) s (C8) e on Aerial Imased Plants (D1) ition (D2)	.0, 2015 wo required
Type:	ches):  In is revised from Microscopy Indicators:  ators (minimum of or Vater (A1)  Per Table (A2)  In (A3)  In (A3)  In (A3)  In (B1)  Deposits (B2)  Desits (B3)  Or Crust (B4)  Disits (B5)  In Visible on Aerial In	ne is requi	red; check all that  Water-Sta  Aquatic F  True Aqu  Hydroger  Oxidized  Presence  Recent Ira  Thin Muc  7)  Gauge or	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant a Sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduce on Reduce k Surface Well Date	aves (B9) 3) cs (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) a (D9)	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind )  Sec	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos	e (minimum of tocks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2) s (C8) e on Aerial Imased Plants (D1) ition (D2)	.0, 2015 wo required
Type:	ches):  In is revised from Microscopy Indicators:  ators (minimum of or Vater (A1) er Table (A2) in (A3) irks (B1) Deposits (B2) osits (B3) or Crust (B4) osits (B5)	ne is requi	red; check all that  Water-Sta  Aquatic F  True Aqu  Hydroger  Oxidized  Presence  Recent Ira  Thin Muc  7)  Gauge or	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant a Sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduce on Reduce k Surface Well Date	aves (B9) 3) cs (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) a (D9)	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind )  Sec	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos	e (minimum of tocks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2) s (C8) e on Aerial Imased Plants (D1) ition (D2)	.0, 2015 wo required
Type: Depth (inc Remarks: This data form Errata. (http://  HYDROLOG Wetland Hyd Primary Indica Surface W High Wate Saturation Water Ma Sediment Drift Depo Algal Mat Iron Depo Inundatior Sparsely W	ches):  In is revised from Mickey Mickey Indicators:  ators (minimum of or Water (A1)  In (A3)  In (A3)  In (A3)  In (A3)  In (B1)  Deposits (B2)  In (B4)  In (B4)  In (B5)  In Visible on Aerial In Wegetated Concaverations:	ne is requi	red; check all that  Water-Sta  Aquatic F  True Aqu  Hydroger  Oxidized  Presence  Recent Ira  Thin Muc  7)  Gauge or	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant a Sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduce on Reduce k Surface Well Date	aves (B9) 3) cs (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) a (D9)	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind )  Sec	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos	e (minimum of tocks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2) s (C8) e on Aerial Imased Plants (D1) ition (D2)	.0, 2015 wo required
Type: Depth (inc Remarks: This data form Errata. (http://  HYDROLOG  Wetland Hyd Primary Indica Surface W High Wate Saturation Water Ma Sediment Drift Depo Algal Mat Iron Depo Inundation Sparsely V	ches):  In is revised from Microscopy Indicators:  ators (minimum of or Vater (A1)  Per Table (A2)  In (A3)  In (A3)  In (A3)  In (B1)  Deposits (B2)  In (B4)  In (B4)  In (B4)  In (B5)  In Visible on Aerial In Vegetated Concave  In Present?  Yes  The Present of the Microscopy of t	magery (Base Surface (I	red; check all that  Water-Sta Aquatic F True Aqu Hydroger Oxidized Presence Recent In Thin Muc 7) Gauge or Other (Ex	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant of Reduce on Reduce k Surface Well Date cplain in F	aves (B9) 3) cs (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) ca (D9) Remarks)	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind )  Sec	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos	e (minimum of tocks (B6) as (B10) er Table (C2) s (C8) e on Aerial Imased Plants (D1) ition (D2)	.0, 2015 wo required
Type: Depth (incomplete incomplete incomplet	ches):  In is revised from Microscopy Indicators:  ators (minimum of or Vater (A1)  er Table (A2)  in (A3)  irks (B1)  Deposits (B2)  posits (B3)  or Crust (B4)  posits (B5)  in Visible on Aerial Invegetated Concave  ations:  ir Present?  Yee  Present?  Yee	magery (Base Surface (Base Sur	red; check all that  Water-Sta  Aquatic F  True Aqu  Hydroger  Oxidized  Presence  Recent Iru  Thin Muc  7) Gauge or  38) Other (Ex	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant a Sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduce on Reduce k Surface Well Dat cplain in F	aves (B9) 3) cs (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) ca (D9) Remarks) nches): _nches):	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos FAC-Neutral Tes	Goils, Version 7  Goils, Goils, Version 7  Goils	.0, 2015 wo required
Type: Depth (incomplete incomplete incomplet	ches):  In is revised from Microwald government of the second of the sec	magery (Base Surface (Base Sur	red; check all that  Water-Sta Aquatic F True Aqu Hydroger Oxidized Presence Recent In Thin Muc 7) Gauge or Other (Ex	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant of Reduce on Reduce k Surface Well Date cplain in F	aves (B9) 3) cs (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) ca (D9) Remarks) nches): _nches):	) Living Rc C4)	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos	Goils, Version 7  Goils, Goils, Version 7  Goils	wo required
Type: Depth (inc Remarks: This data form Errata. (http://  HYDROLOG  Wetland Hyd Primary Indica Surface W High Wate Saturation Water Ma Sediment Drift Depo Algal Mat Iron Depo Inundation Sparsely  Field Observ Surface Wate Water Table F Saturation Pre (includes capi	ches):  In is revised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Ser	magery (B)	red; check all that  Water-Sta  Aquatic F  True Aqu  Hydroger  Oxidized  Presence  Recent In  Thin Muc  7)  Gauge or  Other (Ex  No X  No X  No X	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant of Reduce on Reduce k Surface Well Dat cplain in F	aves (B9) 3) is (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) is (D9) Remarks) nches): nches): nches):	) Living Ro C4) Iled Soils	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos FAC-Neutral Tes	Goils, Version 7  Goils, Goils, Version 7  Goils	wo required
Type: Depth (inc Remarks: This data form Errata. (http://  HYDROLOG  Wetland Hyd Primary Indica Surface W High Wate Saturation Water Ma Sediment Drift Depo Algal Mat Iron Depo Inundation Sparsely  Field Observ Surface Wate Water Table F Saturation Pre (includes capi	ches):  In is revised from Microwald government of the second of the sec	magery (B)	red; check all that  Water-Sta  Aquatic F  True Aqu  Hydroger  Oxidized  Presence  Recent In  Thin Muc  7)  Gauge or  Other (Ex  No X  No X  No X	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant of Reduce on Reduce k Surface Well Dat cplain in F	aves (B9) 3) is (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) is (D9) Remarks) nches): nches): nches):	) Living Ro C4) Iled Soils	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos FAC-Neutral Tes	Goils, Version 7  Goils, Goils, Version 7  Goils	wo required
Type: Depth (inc Remarks: This data form Errata. (http://  HYDROLOG Wetland Hyd Primary Indica Surface W High Water Ma Sediment Drift Depo Algal Mat Iron Depo Inundatior Sparsely W Field Observ Surface Wate Water Table F Saturation Pre (includes capi Describe Reco	ches):  In is revised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Ser	magery (B)	red; check all that  Water-Sta  Aquatic F  True Aqu  Hydroger  Oxidized  Presence  Recent In  Thin Muc  7)  Gauge or  Other (Ex  No X  No X  No X	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant a Sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduce Neductor Reduce Well Dat plain in F	aves (B9) 3) is (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) is (D9) Remarks) nches): nches): nches):	) Living Ro C4) Iled Soils	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos FAC-Neutral Tes	Goils, Version 7  Goils, Goils, Version 7  Goils	.0, 2015 wo required
Type: Depth (inc Remarks: This data form Errata. (http://  HYDROLOG  Wetland Hyd Primary Indica Surface W High Wate Saturation Water Ma Sediment Drift Depo Algal Mat Iron Depo Inundation Sparsely  Field Observ Surface Wate Water Table F Saturation Pre (includes capi	ches):  In is revised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Microwald and Servised from Ser	magery (B)	red; check all that  Water-Sta  Aquatic F  True Aqu  Hydroger  Oxidized  Presence  Recent In  Thin Muc  7)  Gauge or  Other (Ex  No X  No X  No X	apply) ained Lea auna (B1 atic Plant a Sulfide ( Rhizosph of Reduce Neductor Reduce Well Dat plain in F	aves (B9) 3) is (B14) Odor (C1) neres on I ced Iron ( ction in Ti e (C7) is (D9) Remarks) nches): nches): nches):	) Living Ro C4) Iled Soils	NRCS Field Ind	condary Indicators Surface Soil Cra Drainage Patterr Dry-Season Wat Crayfish Burrows Saturation Visible Stunted or Stress Geomorphic Pos FAC-Neutral Tes	Goils, Version 7  Goils, Goils, Version 7  Goils	wo required

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Midwest Region

Project/Site: Poth Station		City/Cou	nty: Franklin	County, OH	Sampling Date:	3/30/2022
Applicant/Owner: AEP				State: OH	Sampling Point:	Upland PS-2
Investigator(s): B. Rolfes, P. Renner		Section, T	ownship, Ran	ge: S4 T12N R21W		
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Plain			Local relief (co	oncave, convex, none)	none	
Slope (%):1		Long:	82.8773		Datum: WGS1984	4
Soil Map Unit Name: Bennington-Urban land complex	x, 0 to 2 perce	nt slopes		NWI class	ification: NA	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical	for this time o	of year?	Yes X	No (If no, ex	(plain in Remarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly of	disturbed? A	Are "Normal Ci	rcumstances" present	? Yes X N	10
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology			If needed, exp	lain any answers in Re	emarks.)	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site m	=		g point loc	ations, transects	, important fea	ıtures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes N	lo_X_	Is the	Sampled Are	ea		
<u></u>	lo X	withi	n a Wetland?	Yes	No X	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes N	lo <u>X</u>					
Remarks:						
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants						
Tree Stratum (Plot size: r=30' )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test wo	orksheet:	
1.	70 00101	ороско.	Otatas	Number of Dominant		
2.				Are OBL, FACW, or	•	2 (A)
3.				Total Number of Dor	minant Species	
4.				Across All Strata:	·	4 (B)
5				Percent of Dominant	•	
		=Total Cover		Are OBL, FACW, or	FAC: 5	60.0% (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: r=15'	.)	.,	E4.011			
Gleditsia triacanthos     Rosa multiflora	5	Yes Yes	FACU FACU	Prevalence Index was Total % Cover of		ly by:
3.		165	-FACO		0 x 1 =	0
4.				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 x 2 =	0
5.					70 x 3 =	210
	10	=Total Cover		FACU species	25 x 4 =	100
Herb Stratum (Plot size: r=5')				· <u> </u>	0 x 5 =	0
1. Poa pratensis	40	Yes	FAC			310 (B)
2. Xanthium strumarium	25	Yes	FAC	Prevalence Index	= B/A = <u>3.2</u>	6
3. Dactylis glomerata		No No	FACU		.4! I1!4	
Apocynum cannabinum     5.	5	No	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegeta		atation
	· ———			2 - Dominance T	or Hydrophytic Vege Test is >50%	lalion
7.				3 - Prevalence Ir		
8.					l Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Pro	vide supporting
9.				data in Rema	rks or on a separate	sheet)
10.				Problematic Hyd	Irophytic Vegetation	ı <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
	85	=Total Cover		<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric	soil and wetland hy	drology must
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: r=30'	.)			be present, unless d	isturbed or problem	atic.
1.				Hydrophytic		
2				Vegetation	N- V	
		=Total Cover		Present? Yes	No_X	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	arate sheet.)					

SOIL Sampling Point: Upland PS-2

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the depth	needed to doo	ument tl	ne indica	ator or o	confirm the abse	ence of indicators.	)		
Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Featur	es						
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u> </u>	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture		Remarks		
0-12	10YR 3/3	100					Loamy/Claye	еу			
	-										
<del></del>											
	-	· — —		·							
<del> </del>		· — —									
	oncentration, D=Dep	letion, RM=R	educed Matrix,	MS=Mas	ked Sand	Grains		cation: PL=Pore Lir			
Hydric Soil			0 1 01		. (0.1)			icators for Problem	-	Soils":	
Histosol	` '		Sandy Gle					Coast Prairie Redo	, ,		
	oipedon (A2)		Sandy Re					Iron-Manganese M			
Black His	n Sulfide (A4)		Stripped Model   Dark Surfa	· ·	))			Red Parent Materia Very Shallow Dark			
	I Layers (A5)		Loamy Mu	` ,	aral (F1)			Other (Explain in R	, ,	1	
2 cm Mu	- , ,		Loamy Gl	-				Other (Explain in It	citiatics)		
	l Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)	Depleted	-							
	ark Surface (A12)	- ( )	Redox Da	`	,		<sup>3</sup> Ind	licators of hydrophy	tic vegetation	and	
Sandy M	lucky Mineral (S1)		— Depleted		` '			wetland hydrology	-		
5 cm Mu	cky Peat or Peat (S	3)	Redox De	Redox Depressions (F8)				unless disturbed or problematic.			
Restrictive	Layer (if observed):					I					
Type:	,										
Depth (ir	nches):		_				Hydric Soil Pr	esent?	Yes	No_X	
Remarks:			_								
	s of Hydric Soils.										
HYDROLC	GY										
Wetland Hy	drology Indicators:										
Primary India	cators (minimum of o	one is require	<u>d; check all that</u>	apply)			<u>Sec</u>	condary Indicators (r	minimum of tw	o required)	
Surface	Water (A1)		Water-Sta	ained Lea	ves (B9)			Surface Soil Crack	s (B6)		
High Wa	ter Table (A2)		Aquatic F	•	,			Drainage Patterns	. ,		
Saturatio			True Aqua					Dry-Season Water			
	arks (B1)		Hydrogen		•			Crayfish Burrows (	,		
	nt Deposits (B2)		Oxidized I			_	oots (C3)	Saturation Visible of	_	ery (C9)	
	oosits (B3)		Presence		,	,		Stunted or Stresse			
	t or Crust (B4)		Recent Iro			liea Soil	` ' —	Geomorphic Position	` '		
·	osits (B5) on Visible on Aerial I	magany (R7)	Thin Muck Gauge or		` '			FAC-Neutral Test (	D5)		
	Vegetated Concave	. ,									
Field Obser		, odnace (Bo	<u> </u>	piaii ii i	Cinanto		T				
Surface Wat		es	No X	Depth (i	nches).						
Water Table		es	No X		nches):						
Saturation P		es	No X		nches):		Wetland Hyd	drology Present?	Yes	No_X	
(includes car					′ –		1	3,			
	corded Data (stream	gauge, mon	itoring well, aeria	al photos	, previou	s inspec	ctions), if available	e:			
	,			•	•		,				
Remarks:											
No indicators	s of Wetland Hydrolo	gy.									

## **APPENDIX**

# C REPRESENTATIVE PHOTOGRAPHS





Detention Basin PS-01 facing east on July 8, 2021.



Detention Basin PS-01 facing north on July 8, 2021.

### POTH SUBSTATION AND TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT WETLAND DELINEATION



Detention Basin PS-01 (stormwater inlet) facing northeast on July 8, 2021.



Detention Basin PS-02 facing west on July 8, 2021.

# POTH SUBSTATION AND TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT WE I LAND DELINEATION

Detention Basin PS-02 facing northwest on July 8, 2021.



Upland PS-01 facing north on July 8, 2021.

# POTH SUBSTATION AND TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT WETLAND DELINEATION

Upland PS-01 facing south on July 8, 2021.



Upland PS-02 facing north on March 30, 2022.



Upland PS-02 facing south on March 30, 2022.



Developed, High Intensity Land use, facing west on March 30, 2022.

# POTH SUBSTATION AND TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT WETLAND DELINEATION

Developed – Open Space and Successional Hardwood Forest habitat beyond, facing northeast on March 30, 2022.



Scrub-Shrub habitat, facing east on March 30, 2022.

Old Field habitat, facing north on March 30, 2022.

# **APPENDIX**

# D AGENCY COORDINATION



## Rolfes, Brad

From: Ohio, FW3 <ohio@fws.gov>

Sent: Monday, August 9, 2021 12:06 PM

**To:** Rolfes, Brad

Cc: nathan.reardon@dnr.state.oh.us; Parsons, Kate; Thomayer, Matthew; mrhall@aep.com

**Subject:** AEP Poth Substation and Transmission Line Project, Franklin County Ohio



TAILS# 03E15000-2021-TA-1857

Dear Mr. Rolfes,

The U.S Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has received your recent correspondence requesting information about the subject proposal. We offer the following comments and recommendations to assist you in minimizing and avoiding adverse impacts to threatened and endangered species pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq), as amended (ESA).

Federally Threatened and Endangered Species: The endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) and threatened northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) occur throughout the State of Ohio. The Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat may be found wherever suitable habitat occurs unless a presence/absence survey has been performed to document absence. Suitable summer habitat for Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats consists of a wide variety of forested/wooded habitats where they roost, forage, and breed that may also include adjacent and interspersed non-forested habitats such as emergent wetlands and adjacent edges of agricultural fields, woodlots, fallow fields, and pastures. Roost trees for both species include live and standing dead trees ≥3 inches diameter at breast height (dbh) that have any exfoliating bark, cracks, crevices, hollows and/or cavities. These roost trees may be located in forested habitats as well as linear features such as fencerows, riparian forests, and other wooded corridors. Individual trees may be considered suitable habitat when they exhibit the characteristics of a potential roost tree and are located within 1,000 feet of other forested/wooded habitat. Northern long-eared bats have also been observed roosting in human-made structures, such as buildings, barns, bridges, and bat houses; therefore, these structures should also be considered potential summer habitat. In the winter, Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats hibernate in caves, rock crevices and abandoned mines.

Seasonal Tree Clearing for Federally Listed Bat Species: Should the proposed project site contain trees ≥3 inches dbh, we recommend avoiding tree removal wherever possible. If any caves or abandoned mines may be disturbed, further coordination with this office is requested to determine if fall or spring portal surveys are warranted. If no caves or abandoned mines are present and trees ≥3 inches dbh cannot be avoided, we recommend removal of any trees ≥3 inches dbh only occur between October 1 and March 31. Seasonal clearing is recommended to avoid adverse effects to Indiana bats and northern long-eared bats. While incidental take of northern long-eared bats from most tree clearing is exempted by a 4(d) rule (see <a href="http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/index.html">http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/index.html</a>), incidental take of Indiana bats is still prohibited without a project-specific exemption. Thus, seasonal clearing is recommended where Indiana bats are assumed present.

If implementation of this seasonal tree cutting recommendation is not possible, a summer presence/absence survey may be conducted for Indiana bats. If Indiana bats are not detected during the survey, then tree clearing may occur at any time of the year. Surveys must be conducted by an approved surveyor and be designed and

conducted in coordination with the Ohio Field Office. Surveyors must have a valid federal permit. Please note that in Ohio summer mist net surveys may only be conducted between June 1 and August 15.

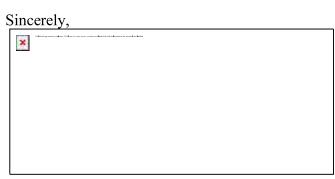
Section 7 Coordination: If there is a federal nexus for the project (e.g., federal funding provided, federal permits required to construct), then no tree clearing should occur on any portion of the project area until consultation under section 7 of the ESA, between the Service and the federal action agency, is completed. We recommend the federal action agency submit a determination of effects to this office, relative to the Indiana bat and northern long-eared bat, for our review and concurrence. This letter provides technical assistance only and does not serve as a completed section 7 consultation document.

Stream and Wetland Avoidance: Over 90% of the wetlands in Ohio have been drained, filled, or modified by human activities, thus is it important to conserve the functions and values of the remaining wetlands in Ohio (https://epa.ohio.gov/portals/47/facts/ohio wetlands.pdf). We recommend avoiding and minimizing project impacts to all wetland habitats (e.g., forests, streams, vernal pools) to the maximum extent possible in order to benefit water quality and fish and wildlife habitat. Additionally, natural buffers around streams and wetlands should be preserved to enhance beneficial functions. If streams or wetlands will be impacted, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers should be contacted to determine whether a Clean Water Act section 404 permit is required. Best management practices should be used to minimize erosion, especially on slopes. Disturbed areas should be mulched and revegetated with native plant species. In addition, prevention of non-native, invasive plant establishment is critical in maintaining high quality habitats.

Due to the project type, size, and location, we do not anticipate adverse effects to any other federally endangered, threatened, or proposed species, or proposed or designated critical habitat. Should the project design change, or additional information on listed or proposed species or their critical habitat become available, or if new information reveals effects of the action that were not previously considered, coordination with the Service should be initiated to assess any potential impacts.

Thank you for your efforts to conserve listed species and sensitive habitats in Ohio. We recommend coordinating with the Ohio Department of Natural Resources due to the potential for the proposed project to affect state listed species and/or state lands. Contact Mike Pettegrew, Acting Environmental Services Administrator, at (614) 265-6387 or at <a href="mailto:mike.pettegrew@dnr.state.oh.us">mike.pettegrew@dnr.state.oh.us</a>.

If you have questions, or if we can be of further assistance in this matter, please contact our office at (614) 416-8993 or ohio@fws.gov.



Patrice M. Ashfield Field Office Supervisor

cc: Nathan Reardon, ODNR-DOW Kate Parsons, ODNR-DOW



## Ohio Department of Natural Resources

MIKE DEWINE, GOVERNOR

MARY MERTZ, DIRECTOR

Office of Real Estate John Kessler, Chief 2045 Morse Road – Bldg. E-2 Columbus, OH 43229

> Phone: (614) 265-6621 Fax: (614) 267-4764

September 9, 2021

Brad Rolfes WSP USA Inc. 312 Elm Street, Suite 2500 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

Re: 21-0749; Poth Substation and Transmission Line Project

**Project:** The proposed project involves construction of the proposed Poth Substation, removal of approximately 0.35-miles of the existing East Broad Street - Bexley 138 kV Transmission Line, and the construction of two new 138 kV lines.

**Location:** The proposed project is located in the City of Whitehall, Franklin County Ohio.

The Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) has completed a review of the above referenced project. These comments were generated by an inter-disciplinary review within the Department. These comments have been prepared under the authority of the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (48 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.), the National Environmental Policy Act, the Coastal Zone Management Act, Ohio Revised Code and other applicable laws and regulations. These comments are also based on ODNR's experience as the state natural resource management agency and do not supersede or replace the regulatory authority of any local, state or federal agency nor relieve the applicant of the obligation to comply with any local, state or federal laws or regulations.

**Natural Heritage Database:** The Natural Heritage Database has no records at or within a one-mile radius of the project area.

A review of the Ohio Natural Heritage Database indicates there are no other records of state endangered or threatened plants or animals within the project area. There are also no records of state potentially threatened plants, special interest or species of concern animals, or any federally listed species. In addition, we are unaware of any unique ecological sites, geologic features, animal assemblages, scenic rivers, state wildlife areas, state nature preserves, state or national parks, state or national wildlife refuges, or other protected natural areas within the project area. The review was performed on the project area you specified in your request as well as an additional one-mile radius. Records searched date from 1980.

Please note that Ohio has not been completely surveyed and we rely on receiving information from many sources. Therefore, a lack of records for any particular area is not a statement that rare species or unique features are absent from that area. Although all types of plant communities have been surveyed, we only maintain records on the highest quality areas.

**Fish and Wildlife:** The Division of Wildlife (DOW) has the following comments.

The DOW recommends that impacts to streams, wetlands and other water resources be avoided and minimized to the fullest extent possible, and that Best Management Practices be utilized to minimize erosion and sedimentation.

The entire state of Ohio is within the range of the Indiana bat (Myotis sodalis), a state endangered and federally endangered species, the northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis), a state endangered and federally threatened species, the little brown bat (Myotis lucifugus), a state endangered species, and the tricolored bat (Perimyotis subflavus), a state endangered species. During the spring and summer (April 1 through September 30), these species of bats predominately roost in trees behind loose, exfoliating bark, in crevices and cavities, or in the leaves. However, these species are also dependent on the forest structure surrounding roost trees. If trees are present within the project area, and trees must be cut, the DOW recommends cutting only occur from October 1 through March 31, conserving trees with loose, shaggy bark and/or crevices, holes, or cavities, as well as trees with DBH  $\geq 20$  if possible. If trees are present within the project area, and trees must be cut during the summer months, the DOW recommends a mist net survey or acoustic survey be conducted from June 1 through August 15, prior to any cutting. Mist net and acoustic surveys should be conducted in accordance with the most recent version of the "OHIO DIVISION OF WILDLIFE GUIDANCE FOR BAT SURVEYS AND TREE CLEARING". If state listed bats are documented, DOW recommends cutting only occur from October 1 through March 31. However, limited summer tree cutting may be acceptable after consultation with the DOW (contact Erin Hazelton at Erin.hazelton@dnr.ohio.gov).

The DOW also recommends that a desktop habitat assessment is conducted, followed by a field assessment if needed, to determine if a potential hibernaculum is present within the project area. Direction on how to conduct habitat assessments can be found in the current USFWS "Rangewide Indiana Bat Survey Guidelines." If a habitat assessment finds that a potential hibernaculum is present within 0.25 miles of the project area, please send this information to Erin Hazelton for project recommendations. If a potential or known hibernaculum is found, the DOW recommends a 0.25-mile tree cutting and subsurface disturbance buffer around the hibernaculum entrance, however, limited summer or winter tree cutting may be acceptable after consultation with the DOW. If no tree cutting or subsurface impacts to a hibernaculum are proposed, this project is not likely to impact these species.

The project is within the range of the following listed mussel species.

Federally Endangered

Federally Threatened

purple cat's paw (*Epioblasma o. obliquata*)

rabbitsfoot (*Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*)

clubshell (Pleurobema clava)

northern riffleshell (*Epioblasma torulosa rangiana*)

rayed bean (Villosa fabalis)

snuffbox (*Epioblasma triquetra*)

State Endangered

State Threatened

elephant-ear (Elliptio crassidens crassidens) Long solid (Fusconaia maculata maculate) Ohio pigtoe (*Pleurobema cordatum*) pocketbook (Lampsilis ovata)

pondhorn (*Uniomerus tetralasmus*)

black sandshell (*Ligumia recta*)

fawnsfoot (Truncilla donaciformis)

washboard (Megalonaias nervosa)

threehorn wartyback (Obliquaria reflexa)

Due to the location, and that there is no in-water work proposed in a perennial stream of sufficient size, this project is not likely to impact these species.

The project is within the range of the following listed fish species. <u>Federally Endangered</u> Scioto madtom (*Noturus trautmani*)

State Endangered

goldeye (*Hiodon alosoides*)

Iowa darter (*Etheostoma exile*)

popeye shiner (*Notropis ariommus*)

northern brook lamprey (*Ichthyomyzon fossor*)

spotted darter (*Etheostoma maculatum*)

shortnose gar (*Lepisosteus platostomus*)

tonguetied minnow (*Exoglossum laurae*)

State Threatened lake chubsucker (Erimyzon sucetta) paddlefish (Polyodon spathula) Tippecanoe darter (Etheostoma tippecanoe)

The DOW recommends no in-water work in perennial streams from March 15 through June 30 to reduce impacts to indigenous aquatic species and their habitat. If no in-water work is proposed in a perennial stream, this project is not likely to impact these or other aquatic species.

The project is within the range of the American bittern (*Botaurus lentiginosus*), a state endangered bird. Nesting bitterns prefer large undisturbed wetlands that have scattered small pools amongst dense vegetation. They occasionally occupy bogs, large wet meadows, and dense shrubby swamps. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, the project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the black-crowned night-heron (*Nycticorax nycticorax*), a state-threatened bird. Night-herons are so named because they are nocturnal, conducting most of their foraging in the evening hours or at night, and roost in trees near wetlands and waterbodies during the day. Night herons are migratory and are typically found in Ohio from April 1 through December 1 but can be found in more urbanized areas with reliable food sources year-round. Black-crowned night-herons primarily forage in wetlands and other shallow aquatic habitats, and roost in trees nearby. These night-herons nest in small trees, saplings, shrubs, or sometimes on the ground, near bodies of water and wetlands. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the cattle egret (*Bubulcus ibis*), a state endangered bird. Cattle egrets are not strictly wetland birds. They often forage in dry pastures and fields. Egrets nest in colonies and will build a nest out of sticks and other materials wherever it can be supported. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 15 through August 15. If no wetland habitat will be impacted, the project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the lark sparrow (*Chondestes grammacus*), a state endangered bird. This sparrow nests in grassland habitats with scattered shrub layers, disturbed open areas, as well as patches of bare soil. These summer residents normally migrate out of Ohio shortly after their young fledge or leave the nest. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should

be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the least bittern (*Ixobrychus exilis*), a state threatened bird. This secretive marsh species prefers dense emergent wetlands with thick stands of cattails, sedges, sawgrass or other semiaquatic vegetation interspersed with woody vegetation and open water. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the northern harrier (*Circus hudsonis*), a state endangered bird. This is a common migrant and winter species. Nesters are much rarer, although they occasionally breed in large marshes and grasslands. Harriers often nest in loose colonies. The female builds a nest out of sticks on the ground, often on top of a mound. Harriers hunt over grasslands. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of April 15 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the sandhill crane (*Grus canadensis*), a state threatened species. Sandhill cranes are primarily a wetland-dependent species. On their wintering grounds, they will utilize agricultural fields; however, they roost in shallow, standing water or moist bottomlands. On breeding grounds they require a rather large tract of wet meadow, shallow marsh, or bog for nesting. If grassland, prairie, or wetland habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of April 1 through august 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to have an impact on this species.

The project is within the range of the upland sandpiper (*Bartramia longicauda*), a state endangered bird. Nesting upland sandpipers utilize dry grasslands including native grasslands, seeded grasslands, grazed and ungrazed pasture, hayfields, and grasslands established through the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP). If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of April 15 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

Due to the potential of impacts to federally listed species, as well as to state listed species, we recommend that this project be coordinated with the US Fish & Wildlife Service.

**Water Resources:** The Division of Water Resources has the following comment.

The local floodplain administrator should be contacted concerning the possible need for any floodplain permits or approvals for this project. Your local floodplain administrator contact information can be found at the website below.

http://water.ohiodnr.gov/portals/soilwater/pdf/floodplain/Floodplain%20Manager%20Community%20Contact%20List\_8\_16.pdf

ODNR appreciates the opportunity to provide these comments. Please contact Mike Pettegrew at <a href="mike.pettegrew@dnr.ohio.gov">mike.pettegrew@dnr.ohio.gov</a> if you have questions about these comments or need additional information.

Mike Pettegrew
Environmental Services Administrator (Acting)

## Rolfes, Brad

From: Nathan.Reardon@dnr.ohio.gov
Sent: Friday, April 29, 2022 9:39 AM

**To:** Rolfes, Brad

Cc: Thomayer, Matthew; Mia R Hall

**Subject:** RE: 21-0749; AEP Poth Station and Transmission Line Project; Habitat Assessment

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

Hi Brad,

The DOW concurs that nesting of the eight species of state listed birds within or adjacent to the project area is unlikely. Therefore, seasonal construction restrictions are not necessary. No further coordination is necessary.

Thank you, Nathan



Nathan Reardon Compliance Coordinator ODNR Division of Wildlife 2045 Morse Road Columbus, OH 43229

Phone: 614-265-6741

Email: nathan.reardon@dnr.ohio.gov

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From: Rolfes, Brad <Brad.Rolfes@wsp.com> Sent: Tuesday, April 19, 2022 2:45 PM

To: Reardon, Nathan < Nathan.Reardon@dnr.ohio.gov>

**Cc:** Thomayer, Matthew <matt.thomayer@wsp.com>; Mia R Hall <mrhall@aep.com> **Subject:** 21-0749; AEP Poth Station and Transmission Line Project; Habitat Assessment

Hi Nathan,

AEP is proposing the Poth Substation and Transmission Line Project in Mifflin and Truro Townships, Franklin County, Ohio, as shown in Figure 1 (attached). The Project involves the construction of a new greenfield distribution substation and two 138 kV lines from the Proposed Poth station to the existing E. Broad St. Bexley 138 kV line.

The attached environmental review (21-0749) for the project was provided by ODNR, dated September 9, 2021. The environmental review indicated that the Project is within range of the eight state-listed bird species [American bittern (Botaurus lentiginosus), black-crowned night-heron (Nycticorax nycticorax), cattle egret (Bubulcus ibis), lark sparrow (Chondestes grammacus), least bittern (Ixobrychus exilis), northern harrier (Circus cyaneus), sandhill crane (Grus canadensis), and upland sandpiper (Bartramia longicauda)].

The habitat within and around the Project area primarily consists of developed land uses (High-Intensity and Open Space) that are routinely mowed and/or managed; and to a lesser extent, Scrub Shrub, Old Field, and Successional Hardwood Forest, as shown in Figure 4 (attached). WSP completed a survey for potential habitat for the eight species and concluded that the Environmental Survey Area (ESA) does not provide suitable nesting habitat for any of the identified state-listed species and impacts to these species are not anticipated, due to proposed Project activities. To assist with this request, I have attached examples of representative habitat on site and a zipped folder containing Shapefiles and a Google Earth KMZ of the Project Area, for your reference.

We request your concurrence with our findings and with WSP's opinion that seasonal construction restrictions associated with these eight species are not necessary for the Project and that presence/absence surveys within the ESA are not warranted. Please let me know if you have any questions or if any additional information is required. I appreciate your time and look forward to hearing from you.

Thank you, Brad Rolfes



### **Bradley J. Rolfes**

Environmental Scientist CNRP (Certified Natural Resource Professional) He / Him / His

T+ 1 513 639 2152 M+ 1 859 321 1058







WSP USA Inc. 312 Elm Street, Suite 2500 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

wsp.com

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## This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

9/15/2023 4:56:25 PM

in

Case No(s). 23-0850-EL-BLN

Summary: Letter of Notification Poth Extension East and West electronically filed by Hector Garcia-Santana on behalf of AEP Ohio Transmission Company, Inc..